

United States
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 4, 2021

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-39325
(Commission
File Number)

54-1598552
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**1051 East Cary Street
Suite 1200**

Richmond, Virginia 23219

(Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(804) 633-5031**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1.33 per share	AUB	The NASDAQ Global Select Market
Depository Shares, Each Representing a 1/400th Interest in a Share of 6.875% Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series A	AUBAP	The NASDAQ Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On Tuesday, May 4, 2021, certain of the executive officers of Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (the “Company”) are scheduled to present at the Company’s Annual Meeting of Shareholders, which will be a virtual meeting held on the internet beginning at 10:00 a.m. Eastern Time. The slides that will be presented at the meeting will be available under the Presentations link in the Investor Relations section of the Company’s website at <http://investors.atlanticunionbank.com> and are attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information disclosed in or incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1, is furnished and shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) *Exhibits.*

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Presentation for the Annual Meeting of Shareholders of Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation on May 4, 2021
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – the cover page iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

Date: May 4, 2021

By: /s/ Robert M. Gorman
Robert M. Gorman
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

2021 Annual Shareholders Meeting

Nasdaq: AUB

May 4, 2021



Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are statements that include projections, predictions, expectations, or beliefs about future events or results that are not statements of historical fact. Such forward-looking statements are based on various assumptions as of the time they are made, and are inherently subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified, that may cause actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often accompanied by words that convey projected future events or outcomes such as “expect,” “believe,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “will,” “may,” “view,” “opportunity,” “potential,” or words of similar meaning or other statements concerning opinions or judgment of Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (“Atlantic Union” or the “Company”) and its management about future events. Although the Company believes that its expectations with respect to forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of its existing knowledge of its business and operations, there can be no assurance that actual results, performance, or achievements of, or trends affecting, the Company will not differ materially from any projected future results, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Actual future results, performance, achievements or trends may differ materially from historical results or those anticipated depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to the effects of or changes in:

- changes in interest rates;
- general economic and financial market conditions, in the United States generally and particularly in the markets in which the Company operates and which its loans are concentrated, including the effects of declines in real estate values, an increase in unemployment levels and slowdowns in economic growth, including as a result of COVID-19;
- the quality or composition of the loan or investment portfolios and changes therein;
- demand for loan products and financial services in the Company’s market area;
- the Company’s ability to manage its growth or implement its growth strategy;
- the effectiveness of expense reduction plans;
- the introduction of new lines of business or new products and services;
- the Company’s ability to recruit and retain key employees;
- the incremental cost and/or decreased revenues associated with exceeding \$10 billion in assets;
- real estate values in the Bank’s lending area;
- an insufficient ACL;
- changes in accounting principles;
- the Company’s liquidity and capital positions;
- concentrations of loans secured by real estate, particularly commercial real estate;
- the effectiveness of the Company’s credit processes and management of the Company’s credit risk;
- the Company’s ability to compete in the market for financial services and increased competition relating from fintech companies;

- technological risks and developments, and cyber threats, attacks, or events;
- the potential adverse effects of unusual and infrequently occurring events, such as weather-related disasters, terrorist acts or public health events (such as COVID-19), and of governmental and societal responses thereto; these potential adverse effects may include, without limitation, adverse effects on the ability of the Company’s borrowers to satisfy their obligations to the Company, on the value of collateral securing loans, on the demand for the Company’s loans or its other products and services, on incidents of cyberattack and fraud, on the Company’s liquidity or capital positions, on risks posed by reliance on third-party service providers, on other aspects of the Company’s business operations and on financial markets and economic growth;
- the effect of steps the Company takes in response to COVID-19, the severity and duration of the pandemic, the uncertainty regarding new variants of COVID-19 that have emerged, the speed and efficacy of vaccine and treatment developments, the impact of loosening or tightening of government restrictions, the pace of recovery when the pandemic subsides and the heightened impact it has on many of the risks described herein;
- the discontinuation of LIBOR and its impact on the financial markets, and the Company’s ability to manage operational, legal and compliance risks related to the discontinuation of LIBOR and implementation of one or more alternate reference rates;
- performance by the Company’s counterparties or vendors;
- deposit flows;
- the availability of financing and the terms thereof;
- the level of prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities;
- legislative or regulatory changes and requirements, including the impact of the CARES Act, as amended by the CAA, and other legislative and regulatory reactions to COVID-19;
- potential claims, damages, and fines related to litigation or government actions, including litigation or actions arising from the Company’s participation in and administration of programs related to COVID-19, including, among other things, the CARES Act, as amended by the CAA;
- the effects of changes in federal, state or local tax laws and regulations;
- monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. government, including policies of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve;
- changes to applicable accounting principles and guidelines; and
- other factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company.

Please refer to the “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” sections of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and comparable “Risk Factors” sections of the Company’s Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and related disclosures in other filings, which have been filed with the SEC and are available on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. All of the forward-looking statements made in this press release are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements contained or referred to herein. The actual results or developments anticipated may not be realized or, even if substantially realized, they may not have the expected consequences to or effects on the Company or its businesses or operations. Readers are cautioned not to rely too heavily on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update, revise or clarify these forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Additional Information

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains certain financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). These non-GAAP disclosures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies. The Company uses the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in its analysis of the Company's performance. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods and show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in the Company's underlying performance.

Please see "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures" at the end of this presentation for a reconciliation to the nearest GAAP financial measure.

No Offer or Solicitation

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. No offer of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and no offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy shall be made in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

About Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation

Headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (Nasdaq: AUB) is the holding company for Atlantic Union Bank. Atlantic Union Bank has 129 branches and approximately 150 ATMs located throughout Virginia, and in portions of Maryland and North Carolina. Atlantic Union Bank Wealth Management is a brand name used by Atlantic Union Bank and certain affiliates when providing trust, wealth management, private banking, and investment advisory products and services. Certain non-bank affiliates of Atlantic Union Bank include: Old Dominion Capital Management, Inc., and its subsidiary, Outfitter Advisors, Ltd., and Dixon, Hubard, Feinour, & Brown, Inc., which provide investment advisory services; Atlantic Union Financial Consultants, LLC, which provides brokerage services; and Union Insurance Group, LLC, which offers various lines of insurance products.

Our Company

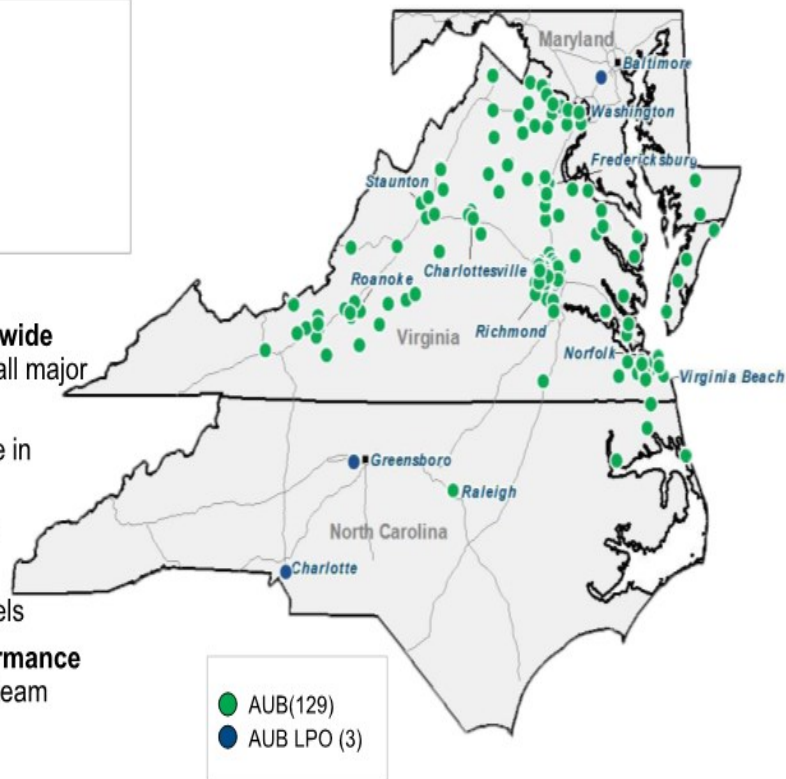
Highlights (\$bn)



Assets	\$19.9
Loans	\$14.3
Deposits	\$16.3
Market Capitalization	\$3.1

- Largest regional banking company headquartered in **Virginia** with a **statewide Virginia footprint** of 123 branches in all major markets
- **#1** regional bank¹ deposit market share in Virginia
- Positioned for growth with organic and acquisition opportunities
- **Strong balance sheet** and capital levels
- Committed to **top-tier financial performance** with highly experienced management team with ability to execute change

Branch Footprint



Data as of 3/31/2021, market capitalization as of 4/30/2021

¹⁾ Regional bank defined as having less than \$50 billion in assets; rank determined by asset size

Virginia's Bank

Virginia: All Banks

Rank	Institution	Deposits (\$mm)	Market Share (%)	Branches
1	Truist Financial Corp	\$48,832	23.8%	436
2	Wells Fargo & Co	33,337	16.2	250
3	Bank of America Corp.	21,769	10.6	121
4	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corp	15,360	7.5	123
5	TowneBank	8,522	4.2	32
6	United Bankshares, Inc.	7,490	3.6	67
7	Capital One Financial Corp.	7,165	3.5	37
8	PNC Financial Services Group Inc.	5,112	2.5	97
9	Carter Bank & Trust	3,190	1.6	76
10	Toronto-Dominion Bank	2,759	1.3	24
Top 10 Banks		\$153,536	74.8	1,263
All Institutions in Market		\$205,525	100.00	2,201

Virginia: Banks Headquartered in VA

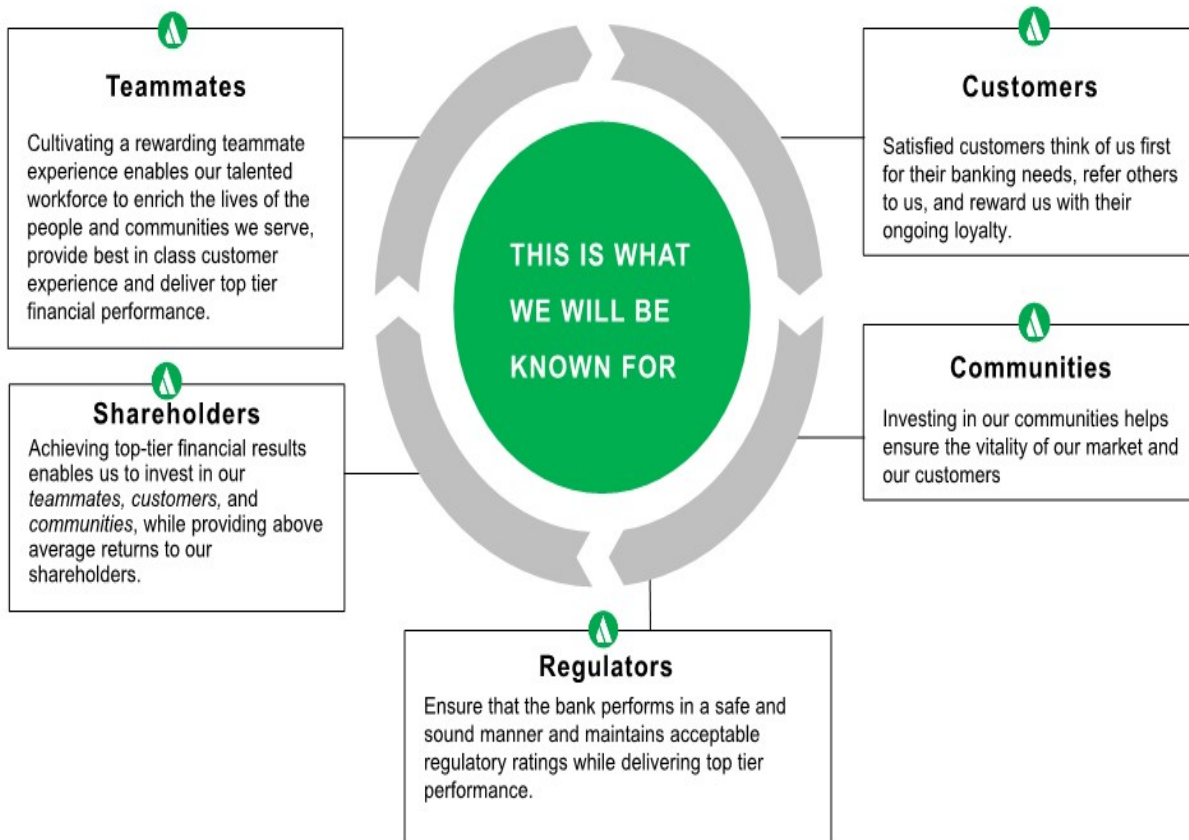
Rank	Institution	Deposits (\$mm)	Market Share (%)	Branches
1	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corp.	\$15,360	21.4%	123
2	TowneBank	8,522	11.9	32
3	Capital One Financial Corp.	7,165	10.0	37
4	Carter Bank & Trust	3,190	4.5	76
5	Burke & Herbert Bank & Trust Co.	2,706	3.8	25
6	Blue Ridge Bankshares, Inc.	1,982	2.8	32
7	Southern National Bancorp of Virginia	1,907	2.7	40
8	American National Bankshares, Inc.	1,773	2.5	18
9	First Bancorp Inc.	1,668	2.3	20
10	C&F Financial Corp.	1,646	2.3	31
Top 10 Banks		\$45,919	64.2	434
All Institutions in Market		\$71,762	100.00	899

Statewide branch footprint brings unique franchise value



Source: SNL Financial and FDIC deposit data
 Deposit data as of 6/30/20; pro forma for announced transactions; AUB branch count is proforma based on completed branch closings
 Note: Excludes branches with deposits greater than \$5.0 billion

Balancing Commitment to Key Stakeholders



2021 Operating Environment

AUB governing philosophy – “Soundness, Profitability, & Growth – in that order of priority”

Soundness

Focused on the safety, soundness and profitability of the Company:

- Take care of our Teammates and clients
- Mitigate credit risk
- Align the expense base to the new revenue reality
- Achieve and maintain top-tier financial performance

Managing through COVID-19 pandemic:

- Pivoted to a new remote work and branch operating model
- Focused on Teammates, clients, communities and shareholders
- SBA Paycheck Protection Program
- Adapting to meet new reality

Regardless of the operating environment, our goal of achieving and maintaining top-tier financial performance remains the same

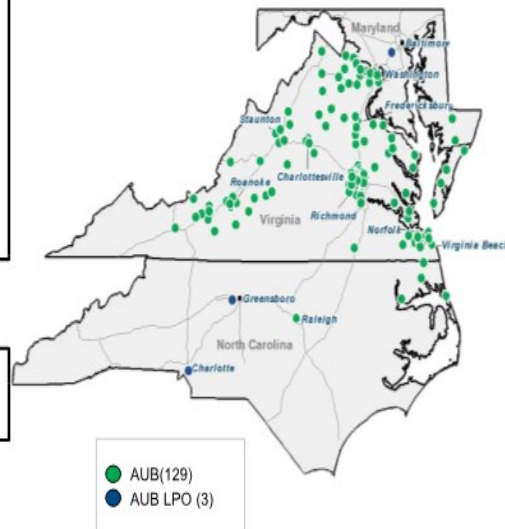
Profitability

Growth



At March 31, 2021

Assets	\$19.9B
Loans	\$14.3B
Deposits	\$16.3B



2021 Operating Environment – Managing through the Pandemic

Soundness

Profitability

Growth

During challenging times, it is important to remember our governing philosophy – “Soundness, Profitability, & Growth – in that order of priority”

- This core philosophy is serving us well as we manage the Company through the current coronavirus pandemic crisis.

We continue to effectively manage through the pandemic with an intense focus on:

- **Taking care of our Teammates and clients** – they will remember how we treated them during this period.
- **Mitigating credit risk** – batten down the hatches and protect the Bank by working with our business and consumer clients to assist them through these tough times.
- **Aligning the expense base to the lower for longer interest rate environment** – ensure sustained top tier financial performance on the other side.

We believe that by effectively managing through this crisis, we have become a stronger, more agile company that is well positioned to take advantage of growth opportunities as economic activity normalizes.

We remain focused on our key objectives

- 1 **Diversify Loan Portfolio and Revenue Streams**
Increase commercial lending growth to better balance the total loan portfolio and grow fee-based products and services.
- 2 **Grow Core Funding**
Grow core deposits with particular focus on transaction accounts and maintain 95% loan to deposit ratio.
- 3 **Manage to Higher Levels of Performance**
Achieve and sustain top-tier financial performance while investing in top talent and elevating the Teammate experience.
- 4 **Strengthen Digital Capabilities**
Modernize customer experience with more digital capabilities and enhance features for wider usage and resolve top client requests.
- 5 **Make Banking Easier**
Create compelling products and services while delivering high-tech and high-touch experiences.
- 6 **Capitalize on Strategic Opportunities**
Seize on market disruption opportunities and leverage commercial expertise for new market opportunities.
- 7 **Environmental Social and Governance**
Increasing transparency with enhanced disclosures.





Review of 2020 and 2021 Outlook

2020 Highlights

- 1 2020 was a year of expedited transformation.
- 2 This environment became a catalyst for exceptional bank-wide teamwork, tighter prioritizing, faster transformation and innovation.
- 3 Each business area stepped up to meet demand and help our clients in new ways, while accomplishing our planned initiatives.
- 4 Established measurement systems to support data-driven decision making across the enterprise, improving accuracy and responsiveness.
- 5 Our efforts are paying off: delivered strong customer satisfaction scores, achieved key competitive wins, improved brand awareness, while business lines were able to meet or exceed financial plan.

In 2020, we were faced with unprecedented challenges that became our catalyst for faster transformation and innovation

Clients Under Financial Distress

- Businesses closed or operating under restricted environments.
- High unemployment.

CARES Act Required Immediate Action

- March 27, 2020 CARES Act passed – giving us one week to offer the new PPP product to thousands of businesses.

Need To Service Clients In New Ways

- Social distancing makes it difficult to serve clients inside the branch.
- Unable to meet with clients face-to-face.
- Demand for digital services spiking to new heights.

Demand For Services Higher Than Ever

- Low lending rates driving demand for mortgage refinances – at a time when servicing them more difficult than ever.
- Wealth clients needed immediate advice due to highly volatile market conditions.

Recessionary Conditions

- Anticipated higher credit losses.
- Lower rate environment and resulting cost pressures.

Focus shifted quickly to managing risk and helping clients

Mitigated Risk

- ④ Credit Action Stability Team “CAST”: Battened down the hatches to protect the Bank by working with our business and consumer clients to assist them through these tough times. This was a game-changing partnership with our clients to identify cash flow issues and immediate action we could take to help them through a very difficult time.
- ④ Revised Credit Risk Tolerance: Focused our capital and support to existing clients in high risk industries. Limited new client exposure to only very well capitalized businesses.
- ④ Modified Commercial Incentive Plan: Modified plan to offer greater rewards for excellent portfolio risk management and deemphasized loan growth.
- ④ Special Situations Training: Provided enhanced training to all bankers to help them identify and manage clients experiencing severe financial stress.

Support our Clients

- ④ PPP: All areas worked together to focus on delivering a great experience for clients with Round 1 and Round 2. Extended SBA Paycheck Protection Program loans to over 15,000 business clients.
- ④ Worked with distressed clients to help them in their time of need.
- ④ Dramatically increased communications and offered educational webinars for clients.
- ④ Consumer clients were offered new, safer banking solutions where, when and how consumers want to bank. (e.g. appointment setting, Zoom or In lobby, Drive up options, e-signature, etc.).
- ④ Immediate transformation of call center agents to 100% virtual call center.
- ④ Processed over 6,000 loan modifications totaling over \$2B in exposure.
- ④ Developed additional treasury management products to help clients improve cash flow (i.e. integrated payables).

The businesses continued to execute on planned initiatives to improve efficiencies and enable organic growth

Aligned the expense base to the new revenue reality: Took action to reduce expenses including closing 20 branches or 13% of the network and reduced expenses across the business lines.

Enhanced The Client/Teammate Digital Experience: An agile quarterly release delivery schedule allows for quicker improvements to client experiences with relevant enhanced self service capabilities, such as debit card controls, credit score monitoring and virtual zoom appointments. Investments made in digital platforms improved the digital sales experiences for Mortgage, Deposits and Commercial Loan Clients, while servicing improvements to Wealth Technology and Treasury Management have resulted in an empowered and engaged teammate experience.

Optimized Marketing: Developed new capabilities and greater emphasis on online customer sales to close the gap due to reduced branch traffic and closures.

Expanded Product Lines/Services and Talent:

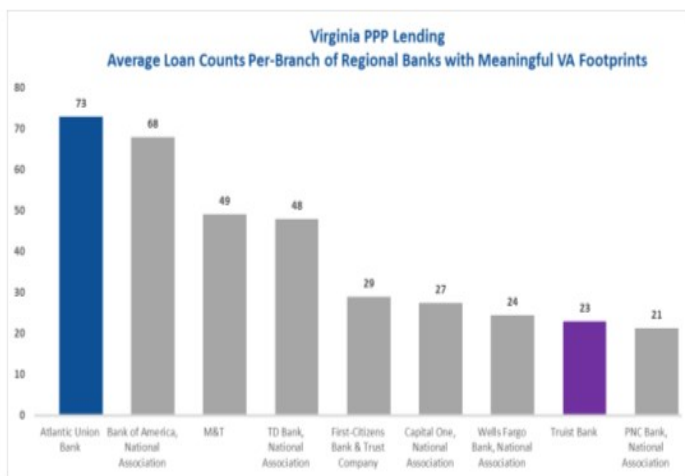
- Strategic hiring in Commercial and Business Banking as well as the Wealth Institutional Group.
- Commercial clients have new and improved treasury management products.
- Continued expansion of the Equipment Finance division.
- Launch of Solutions Banking which is gaining traction and generating new accounts.
- Rapid incorporation of Zoom and DocuSign for account opening and servicing.
- Launched Transition Checking for consumers facing financial challenges limiting access to banking services (Over 600 clients now have a checking account who otherwise would not have had access to the banking system).

Capitalized on Market Opportunities: Implemented a local market playbook to capitalize on marketplace disruption by competitors closing branches. Leveraged PPP success by building client relationships and expanding existing ones.

We excelled in our delivery of Paycheck Protection Program

- Over **15,000** loans stretching across and even beyond our footprint
 - Round 1 – 10,197 loans
 - Round 2 – 5,500 loans and counting
- Over **3,200** new-to-bank business clients from Round 1
- Virginia's leader in per-branch PPP loans

Round 1 Metrics



SBA PPP Approved Loans for Virginia Ranking of Top 10 Lenders in VA

Italics indicates a VA HQ'd Lender

Rank	Lender	Count of Loans	% of Total
1	Truist Bank	10,203	9.3%
2	Atlantic Union Bank	10,197	9.3%
3	Bank of America, National Association	8,487	7.8%
4	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	6,247	5.7%
5	Towne Bank	5,126	4.7%
6	Celtic Bank Corporation	2,934	2.7%
7	United Bank	2,845	2.6%
8	Kabbage, Inc.	2,667	2.4%
9	Cross River Bank	2,512	2.3%
10	<i>The First Bank and Trust Company</i>	2,216	2.0%
Top 10 Financial Institutions Lending in VA		53,434	49%
All Institutions in Lending in VA		109,227	100%

Supporting our Teammates

- Improved frequency of communications.
- Launched our Diversity, Equity and Inclusion initiative and established DEI Council.
- Expanded the reach and influence of Women's Inclusion Network (WIN) learning sessions and virtual panel discussions.
- Hosted WIN on Racial Equality webinars.
- Provided half-day off in recognition of Juneteenth.
- Provided frequent information on health and safety.



Efforts are
paying off...

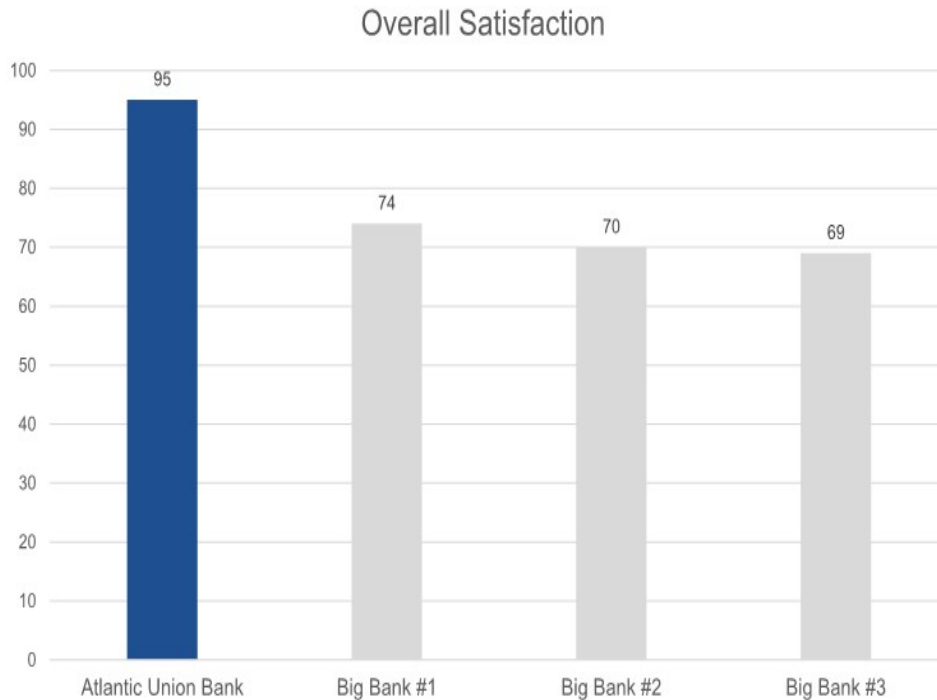


Excellence in Small Business Banking



2020 Greenwich Excellence Award Winner, South Region

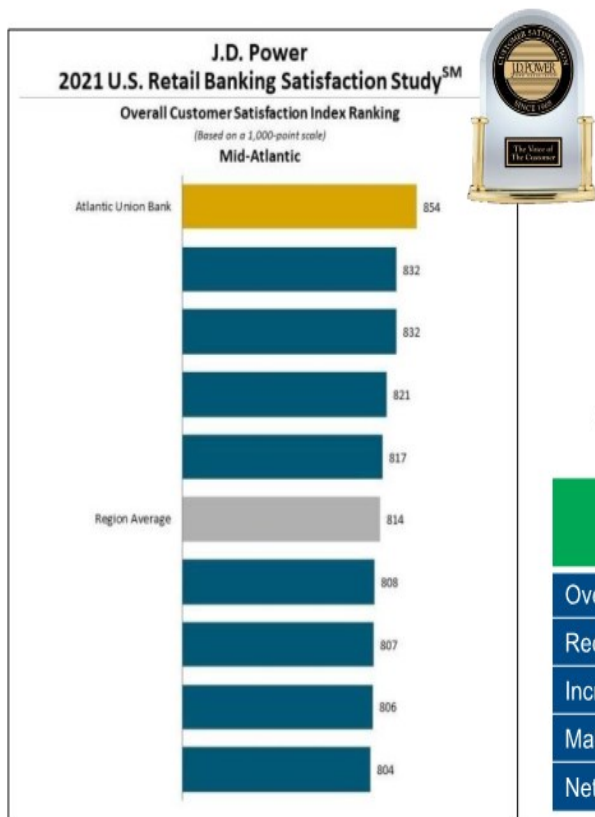
In Greenwich's annual study of over 600 banks nationally, Atlantic Union is #1 among small businesses in the South Region with \$1 - \$10mm in revenue. Atlantic Union believes that the successful launch of PPP and support of the Small Business Community during pandemic likely contributed to this accolade.



Greenwich Excellence 2020 Awards
Based on over 12,000 interviews with small businesses across the country.

Customer Experience Successes

J.D. Power awards AUB #1 in Customer Satisfaction with Retail Banking in the Mid-Atlantic Region, surpassing our closest competitor by 22 points and the regional average by 40.



Recently Recognized By:



Temenos wins 2020 IDC FinTech
Rankings Real Results Awards for
implementation of PPP at Atlantic
Union Bank

AUB sees year over year improvements in Net Promoter Score, making banking easier and other key customer metrics.

AUB Overall (Verint/Foresee)	2019	2020	YOY
Overall Satisfaction	86	87	+1
Recommend AUB	85	87	+2
Increase Business	84	86	+2
Make Banking Easy	87%	88%	+1%
Net Promoter Score(NPS)	57	61	+4



For J.D. Power 2021 award information, visit [jdpower.com/awards](https://www.jdpower.com/awards)

More to come in 2021

- ④ Continue to execute against our strategic plan.
- ④ Focusing on credit discipline, continued growth, product expansion and relationship banking model.
- ④ Develop more segmented approaches for each of our target audiences, including Mass Market, Mass Affluent, Affluent and Small Business.
- ④ Double-down on our efforts in Business Banking, capitalizing on our success with PPP lending.
- ④ Execute the existing Wealth strategy by introducing a new Wealth Management brand aligned to maximize the bank's franchise and rolling out a unique High Income offering for qualified investors.
- ④ Continuing the successful Home Loans playbook and build a digital end to end experience.
- ④ Build on our digital capabilities to further drive client satisfaction and eliminate friction in our sales processes.
- ④ Increase brand awareness, supporting and aligning to business agendas, driving digital acquisition and supporting segmentation approach while taking advantage of marketing opportunities created by our competitors.

2020 Financial Results

Full Year 2020 Financial Highlights

- ④ For the year ended 2020, reported net income available to common shareholders was \$152.6 million and earnings per common share were \$1.93, down ~\$41 million or 48 cents per common share from 2019 primarily due to the economic disruption from the COVID-19 pandemic:
 - ⑥ The reported Return on Equity for 2020 was 6.14%.
 - ⑥ The reported non-GAAP operating return on average tangible common equity was 11.18% for the year.
 - ⑥ The reported Return on Assets was 0.83% for 2020.
 - ⑥ The reported efficiency ratio was 60.19% for the full year.
- ④ Excluding \$26.0 million in after-tax balance sheet restructuring costs and \$9.7 million in after-tax gains on the sale of securities, 2020 adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP) available to common shareholders were \$168.8 million or \$2.14 per common share down \$59 million or 70 cents per share from 2019 levels primarily due to the \$66.0 million increase in the provision for credit losses compared to the previous year:
 - ⑥ The non-GAAP adjusted operating return on tangible common equity was 12.28% for the year.
 - ⑥ The non-GAAP adjusted operating Return on Assets was 0.91% for 2020.
 - ⑥ The non-GAAP adjusted operating efficiency ratio was 53.16% for the year ended 2020.
- ④ Loan balances grew to \$14.0 billion at year-end 2020, including \$1.2 billion in PPP loans, an increase of \$1.4 billion or 11.2% from December 31, 2019. Excluding the effects of PPP loans¹, loan balances increased \$230.9 million or 1.8% from the prior year.
- ④ Deposit balances increased to \$15.7 billion at year-end 2020, an increase of \$2.4 billion or 18.2% from December 31, 2019 primarily due to the impact of PPP loan related deposits and government stimulus actions in 2020.

Summarized Income Statement

	For the years ended December 31,	
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	2020	2019
Net interest income	\$ 555,298	\$ 537,872
- Provision for credit losses	87,141	21,092
+ Noninterest income	131,486	132,815
- Noninterest expense	413,349	418,340
- Taxes	28,066	37,557
+ Discontinued operations, net of tax	-	(170)
Net income (GAAP)	\$ 158,228	\$ 193,528
- Dividends on preferred stock	5,658	-
Net income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 152,570	\$ 193,528
+ Merger and rebranding-related costs, net of tax	-	27,395
+ Net losses related to balance sheet repositioning, net of tax	25,979	12,953
- Gain on sale of securities, net of tax	9,712	6,063
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 168,837	\$ 227,813
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	78,875,668	80,263,557
Earnings per common share, diluted (GAAP)	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.41
Adjusted operating earnings per common share, diluted (non-GAAP)	\$ 2.14	\$ 2.84



(1) Non-GAAP financial measure; See reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measure in "Appendix -- Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures"

First Quarter 2021 Financial Results

First Quarter 2021 Financial Highlights

- Ⓐ Net income available to common shareholders for the first quarter was \$53.2 million or 67 cents per common share, down \$3.2 million or 5 cents per share from the prior quarter primarily due to the decline in net interest income related to lower PPP accretion partially offset by lower balance sheet restructuring costs.
- Ⓐ Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP) available to common shareholders for the first quarter was \$64.8 million or 82 cents per common share down \$8.1 million or 11 cents per common share from the prior quarter primarily due to lower net interest income driven by the lower day count in the first quarter and the \$7.2 million decline in PPP loan fee accretion interest income due to lower levels of PPP loans processed for forgiveness during the current quarter versus the prior quarter.
- Ⓐ At March 31, 2021, loan balances were \$14.3 billion, including \$1.5 billion in PPP loans, an increase of \$251.0 million or 7.3% (annualized) from December 31, 2020. Excluding the effects of PPP loans⁽¹⁾, loans held for investment (net of deferred fees and costs) decreased \$82.2 million, or 2.6% (annualized) from the prior quarter.
- Ⓐ At March 31, 2021, total deposits were \$16.3 billion, an increase of \$575.3 million or approximately 14.8% (annualized) from the prior quarter primarily due to the impact of new PPP loan related deposits and government stimulus actions.

Summarized Income Statement

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	For the three months ended	
	1Q2021	4Q2020
Net interest income	\$ 134,898	\$ 145,604
- Provision for credit losses	(13,624)	(13,813)
+ Noninterest income	30,985	32,241
- Noninterest expense	111,937	121,668
- Taxes	11,381	10,560
Net income (GAAP)	\$ 56,189	\$ 59,430
- Dividends on preferred stock	2,967	2,967
Net income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 53,222	\$ 56,463
+ Net losses related to balance sheet repositioning, net of tax	11,609	16,440
- Gain on sale of securities, net of tax	62	-
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 64,769	\$ 72,903
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	78,884,235	78,740,351
Earnings per common share, diluted (GAAP)	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.72
Adjusted operating earnings per common share, diluted (non-GAAP)	\$ 0.82	\$ 0.93



(1) Non-GAAP financial measure; See reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measure in "Appendix -- Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures"

Allowance For Credit Loss (ACL) and Provision for Credit Losses

\$ in millions	Allowance for Loan & Lease Losses	Reserve for Unfunded Commitments	Allowance for Credit Losses	Q1 Macroeconomic Forecast
1/1/2020 CECL Opening Balance % of loans	\$90MM .71%	\$5MM .04%	\$95MM .75%	Moody's March Baseline Forecast ⚡ US GDP returns to pre-COVID levels in Q2 2021 and averages 5.7% growth in 2021 and 2022. The unemployment rate averages 5.7% in 2021 and 4.3% in 2022. ⚡ Virginia's unemployment rate averages 4% over the 2-year forecast, declining to 3.5% by Q1 2023; compares to a December forecast of 5% average and ending just under 4.5%. ⚡ 2-year reasonable and supportable period; followed by reversion to the historical loss average over 2 years.
CECL Adoption through Q4 2020	+\$71MM • Increase attributable to COVID-19 induced recession; large increase for COVID-19 sensitive portfolios	+\$5MM • Increase due to higher expected loss related to COVID-19 environment	+\$76MM • \$76 million build (\$87 million provision for credit losses less \$11 million net charge-offs)	
12/31/2020 Ending Balance % of loans	\$161MM (1.14%; 1.25% excl. PPP loans)	\$10MM (.07%; .08% excl. PPP loans)	\$171MM (1.22%; 1.33% excl. PPP loans)	
Q1 2021	-\$18MM • Decrease due to improved baseline economic outlook and continued strong credit metrics and payment performance on previously-modified loans	\$3MM • Increase due to higher funding assumptions on unfunded construction projects	-\$15MM • \$14 million benefit from Provision for Credit Losses and \$1 million net charge-offs	
3/31/2021 Ending Balance % of loans	\$143MM (1.00%; 1.12% excl. PPP loans)	\$13MM (.09%; .10% excl. PPP loans)	\$156MM (1.09%; 1.22% excl. PPP loans)	
				Q1 Additional Considerations ⚡ Additional qualitative factors for COVID-19 sensitive portfolios and adjustments to account for the probability of worse-than Baseline economic performance. ⚡ Excluding 3 rd party consumer loans, the ACL at Q1 2021 is more than double the CECL Day 1 ACL level.

Regulatory Capital: Opted into 2 year CECL adoption capital impact delay with 25% of cumulative Day 2 impact added back to Common Equity Tier 1 capital through 2021. 3-year regulatory CECL capital phase-in begins in 2022

Capital Management

The Company's capital ratios are well above regulatory well capitalized levels as of 3/31/2021.

Capital Ratio	Regulatory Well Capitalized	Atlantic Union Bankshares*	Atlantic Union Bank*
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (CET1)	7.0%	10.6%	12.9%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	8.5%	11.7%	12.9%
Total Risk Based Capital Ratio	10.5%	14.3%	13.5%
Leverage Ratio	5.0%	9.2% (9.9% ex. PPP)	10.1% (10.9% ex. PPP)
Tangible Common Equity Ratio (non-GAAP)	-	8.2% (9.0% ex. PPP)	10.0% (10.9% ex. PPP)

* Capital information presented herein is based on estimates and subject to change pending the Company's filing of its FR Y-9C

2020 Capital Management Actions

- Maintained the Company's quarterly dividend of \$0.25 per common share;
- Repurchased approximately 1.5 million shares, at an average price of \$33.37 per share, in Q1'2020; subsequently suspended share repurchases with ~\$20 million remaining under its \$150 million authorized share repurchase program due to the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- Fortified the capital base for the uncertainties of Covid-19 through the issuance of \$172.5 million in preferred stock increasing Tier 1 and Total Risk Based Capital by \$166.4 million, net of issuance costs.



Capital Management Strategy

Capital Targets

AUB's establishes capital targets based on the following objectives:

- ✓ Maintain designation as a "well capitalized" institution under fully phased-in Basel III regulatory definitions
- ✓ Ensure capital levels are commensurate with the company's risk profile, capital stress test projections, and strategic plan objectives

Capital Management Priorities

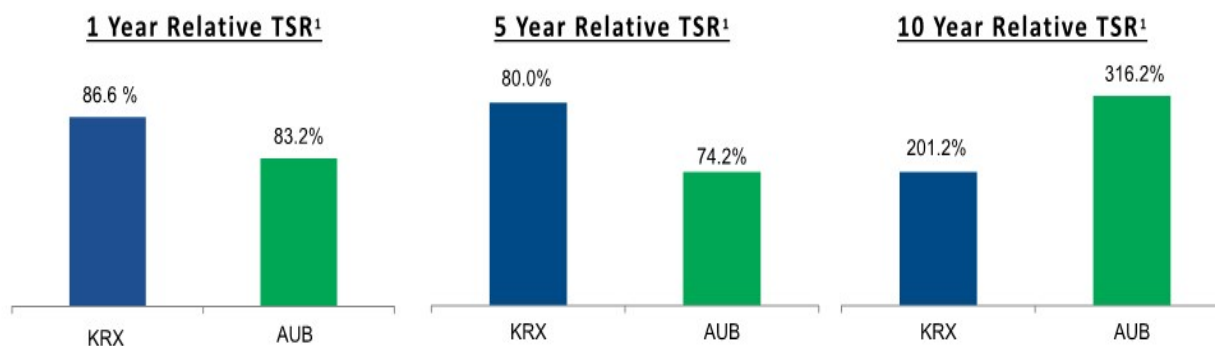
- ✓ Support Organic Growth
- ✓ Dividend payout ratio targeted at 35-40%
- ✓ Common Stock Repurchases
- ✓ Merger & acquisition activity

Excess Capital Deployment

- ✓ AUB's Tangible Common Equity Ratio target is 8.5%
- ✓ TCE above 8.5% is considered excess capital assuming "well capitalized" regulatory capital ratios are maintained
- ✓ Excess capital can be deployed for
 - ✓ share repurchases,
 - ✓ higher shareholder dividends, and/or
 - ✓ acquisitions

AUB's Total Shareholder Return Performance

Creating sustainable long-term shareholder returns over time



¹ As of 5/3/2021

During 2020, the Company returned ~\$129 million to common shareholders through:

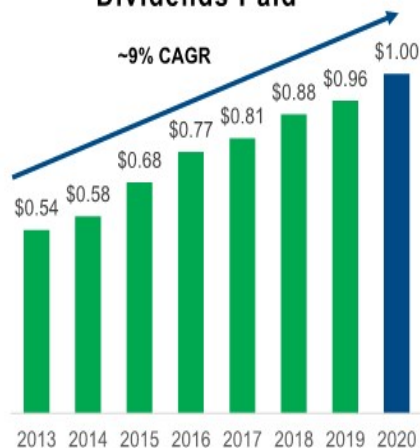
- Dividends paid of \$78.9 million or \$1.00 per common share; an increase of 4.2% over 2019;
- Repurchased approximately 1.5 million shares for ~\$50 million, at an average price of \$33.37 per share; and
- Suspended its share repurchase program with ~\$20 million remaining under its \$150 million authorized share repurchase program.

In addition, the Company paid preferred stock dividends of \$5.7 million in 2020.

During the first quarter 2021, the Company paid dividends of \$0.25 per common share totaling ~\$20 million and \$171.88 per outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock amounting to \$3 million.



Dividends Paid



Atlantic Union's Long-Term Strategic Priorities

Diversify Loan Portfolio and Revenue Streams



- Increase Commercial lending growth (Commercial & Industrial + Owner Occupied Real Estate) in order to better balance the total loan portfolio over time
- Grow fee-based products and services

Grow Core Funding



- Fund loan growth with core deposit growth; maintain a 95% loan to deposit ratio
- Grow core deposits with particular focus on increasing commercial and small business operating accounts

Manage to Higher Levels of Performance



- Achieve and sustain top tier financial performance
- Invest in talent, develop a culture of coaching and development, and align total rewards with corporate goals and objectives

Strengthen Digital Capabilities



- Modernize customer experience with more digital capabilities
- Achieve digital parity with larger players especially in mass market/mass affluent
- Enhance features for wider usage and resolve top customer requests

Make Banking Easier



- Create compelling products and services
- Deliver high-tech and high-touch experiences
- Differentiated marketing highlighting our capabilities

Capitalize on Strategic Opportunities



- Leverage commercial expertise and new market opportunities
- Seize on market disruption opportunities

Questions



Appendix



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

The Company has provided supplemental performance measures on a tax-equivalent, tangible, operating, adjusted, or pre-tax pre-provision basis. These non-GAAP financial measures are supplements to GAAP, which is used to prepare the Company's financial statements, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the Company's non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures of other companies. The Company uses the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in its analysis of the Company's performance. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods and show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in the Company's underlying performance.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

Adjusted operating measures exclude the after-tax effect of merger and rebranding-related costs unrelated to the Company's normal operations. In addition, adjusted operating measures exclude the gains or losses related to balance sheet repositioning (principally composed of gains and losses on debt extinguishment) and gains or losses on sale of securities. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the combined economic results of the organization's operations. Additionally, the Company believes that return on tangible common equity (ROTCE) is a meaningful supplement to GAAP financial measures and useful to investors because it measures the performance of a business consistently across time without regard to whether components of the business were acquired or developed internally.

ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS & FINANCIAL METRICS				
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	For the years ended December 31,		For the three months ended	
	2019	2020	4Q2020	1Q2021
Net income				
Net Income (GAAP)	\$ 193,528	\$ 158,228	\$ 59,430	\$ 56,189
Plus: Merger and rebranding-related costs, net of tax	27,395	-	-	-
Plus: Net losses related to balance sheet repositioning, net of tax	12,953	25,979	16,440	11,609
Less: Gain on sale of securities, net of tax	6,063	9,712	-	62
Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$ 227,813	\$ 174,495	\$ 75,870	\$ 67,736
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	-	5,658	2,967	2,967
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 227,813	\$ 168,837	\$ 72,903	\$ 64,769
Earnings per share (EPS)				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	80,263,557	78,875,668	78,740,351	78,884,235
EPS available to common shareholders, diluted (GAAP)	\$ 2.41	\$ 1.93	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.67
Adjusted operating EPS available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 2.84	\$ 2.14	\$ 0.93	\$ 0.82
Return on assets (ROA)				
Average assets	\$ 16,840,310	\$ 19,083,853	\$ 19,817,318	\$ 19,686,854
ROA (GAAP)	1.15%	0.83%	1.19%	1.16%
Adjusted operating ROA (non-GAAP)	1.35%	0.91%	1.52%	1.40%
Return on equity (ROE)				
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 227,813	\$ 168,837	\$ 72,903	\$ 64,769
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	14,632	13,093	3,079	2,947
Net operating earnings available to common shareholders before amortization of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$ 242,445	\$ 181,930	\$ 75,982	\$ 67,716
Average common equity (GAAP)	\$ 2,451,435	\$ 2,576,372	\$ 2,679,170	\$ 2,719,941
Less: Average intangible assets	991,926	1,000,654	994,591	991,010
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock	-	93,658	166,356	166,356
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$ 1,459,509	\$ 1,482,060	\$ 1,518,223	\$ 1,562,575
ROE (GAAP)	7.89%	6.14%	8.82%	8.38%
Return on tangible common equity (ROTCE)				
Net Income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 193,528	\$ 152,570	\$ 56,463	\$ 53,222
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	14,632	13,093	3,079	2,947
Net Income available to common shareholders before amortization of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$ 208,160	\$ 165,663	\$ 59,542	\$ 56,169
ROTCE	14.26%	11.18%	15.60%	14.58%
Adjusted operating ROTCE (non-GAAP)	16.61%	12.28%	19.91%	17.58%

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

The adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) excludes the amortization of intangible assets, merger and rebranding related costs, and gains or losses related to balance sheet repositioning (principally composed of gains and losses on debt extinguishment). This measure is similar to the measure utilized by the Company when analyzing corporate performance and is also similar to the measure utilized for incentive compensation. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the combined economic results of the organization's operations.

ADJUSTED OPERATING EFFICIENCY RATIO			
(Dollars in thousands)	For the years ended December 31,		
	2019	2020	
Noninterest expense (GAAP)	\$ 418,340	\$ 413,349	
Less: Merger-related costs	27,824	-	
Less: Rebranding costs	6,455	-	
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	18,521	16,574	
Less: Losses related to balance sheet repositioning	16,397	31,116	
Adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP)	\$ 349,143	\$ 365,659	
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$ 537,872	\$ 555,298	
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	548,993	566,845	
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$ 132,815	\$ 131,486	
Less: Gains (losses) related to balance sheet repositioning	-	(1,769)	
Less: Gain on sale of securities	7,675	12,294	
Operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	\$ 125,140	\$ 120,961	
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	62.37%	60.19%	
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) (non-GAAP)	51.79%	53.16%	

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses.

TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY & LEVERAGE RATIO		
	As of March 31, 2021	
(Dollars in thousands)	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Tangible Common Equity		
Assets (GAAP)	\$ 19,854,612	\$ 19,799,882
Less: Intangible assets	989,031	989,031
Tangible assets (non-GAAP)	\$ 18,865,581	\$ 18,810,851
Less: PPP loans	1,512,714	1,512,714
Tangible assets, excl PPP (non-GAAP)	\$ 17,352,867	\$ 17,298,137
Common equity (GAAP)	\$ 2,543,375	\$ 2,872,541
Less: Intangible assets	989,031	989,031
Tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$ 1,554,344	\$ 1,883,510
Common equity to assets (GAAP)	12.8%	14.5%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)	8.2%	10.0%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, excl PPP (non-GAAP)	9.0%	10.9%
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$ 32.37	
Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP)	\$ 19.78	
Leverage Ratio		
Tier 1 Capital	\$ 1,714,031	\$ 1,883,439
Total average assets for leverage ratio	\$ 18,671,400	\$ 18,627,271
Less: Average PPP loans	1,309,326	1,309,326
Adjusted average assets for leverage ratio	\$ 17,362,074	\$ 17,317,945
Leverage Ratio	9.2%	10.1%
Leverage Ratio, excl PPP	9.9%	10.9%

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

PPP adjustment impact excludes the SBA guaranteed loans funded during 2020 and 2021. The Company believes loans held for investment (net of deferred fees and costs), excluding PPP is useful to investors as it provides more clarity on the Company's organic growth. The Company also believes that the related non-GAAP financial measures of past due loans still accruing interest as a percentage of total loans held for investment (net of deferred fees and costs), excluding PPP, are useful to investors as loans originated under the PPP carry an SBA guarantee. The Company believes that the ALLL as a percentage of loans held for investment (net of deferred fees and costs), excluding PPP, is useful to investors because of the size of the Company's PPP originations and the impact of the embedded credit enhancement provided by the SBA guarantee.

ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES RATIO			
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	As of March 31, 2020
Allowance for loan losses (ALLL)	\$ 142,911	\$ 160,540	\$ 141,043
Reserve for unfunded commitment (RUC)	12,833	10,000	9,000
Allowance for credit losses (ACL)	\$ 155,744	\$ 170,540	\$ 150,043
Total loans held for investment (GAAP)	\$ 14,272,280	\$ 14,021,314	\$ 12,768,841
Less: PPP adjustments	1,512,714	1,179,522	-
Total loans held for investment, excluding PPP (non-GAAP)	\$ 12,759,566	\$ 12,841,792	\$ 12,768,841
ALLL to total loans held for investment (GAAP)	1.00%	1.14%	1.10%
ALLL to total loans held for investment, excluding PPP (non-GAAP)	1.12%	1.25%	1.10%
RUC to total loans held for investment (GAAP)	0.09%	0.07%	0.07%
RUC to total loans held for investment, excluding PPP (non-GAAP)	0.10%	0.08%	0.07%
ACL to total loans held for investment (GAAP)	1.09%	1.22%	1.18%
ACL to total loans held for investment, excluding PPP (non-GAAP)	1.22%	1.33%	1.18%