

United States
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): July 27, 2026

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-39325
(Commission
File Number)

54-1598552
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

4300 Cox Road
Glen Allen, Virginia 23060
(Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (804)633-5031

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1.33 per share	AUB	New York Stock Exchange
Depository Shares, Each Representing a 1/400th Interest in a Share of 6.875% Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series A	AUB.PRA	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On July 27, 2026, Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (the “Company”) filed a preliminary prospectus supplement to the prospectus, dated August 6, 2024, contained in its registration statement on Form S-3ASR (File No. 333-281290) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on August 6, 2024, pursuant to which the Company is proposing to offer and sell a newly issued series of Fixed-to-Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 2036 (the “Notes”).

In connection with the proposed offering and sale of the Notes, the Company made available an investor presentation (the “Investor Presentation”) to be used by members of management in meetings with potential purchasers of the Notes. A copy of the Investor Presentation is filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) *Exhibits.*

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation investor presentation
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – the cover page iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

Date: July 27, 2026

By: /s/ Alexander D. Dodd

Alexander D. Dodd
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer



Fixed Income Investor Presentation



July 27, 2026

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The foregoing presentation may contain statements about Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation ("AUB" or the "Company") that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are not historical facts and include expressions about management's confidence and strategies and management's expectations about the Company's business, new and existing programs and products, acquisitions, relationships, opportunities, taxation, technology, market conditions and economic expectations. These statements may be identified by forward-looking terminology such as "intend," "should," "expect," "believe," "view," "opportunity," "allow," "continues," "reflects," "would," "could," "typically," "usually," "anticipate," "may," "estimate," "outlook," "project" or similar statements or variations of such terms. Such forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from such forward-looking statements depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the effects of or changes in: market interest rates and their related impacts on macroeconomic conditions, customer and client behavior, the Company's funding costs and the Company's loan and securities portfolios; economic conditions, including inflation and recessionary conditions and their related impacts on economic growth and customer and client behavior; U.S. and global trade policies and tensions, including changes in, or the imposition of, tariffs and/or trade barriers and the economic impacts, volatility and uncertainty resulting therefrom, and geopolitical instability; volatility in the financial services sector, including failures or rumors of failures of other depository institutions, along with actions taken by governmental agencies to address such turmoil, and the effects on the ability of depository institutions, including the Company, to attract and retain depositors and to borrow or raise capital; legislative or regulatory changes and requirements, including changes in federal, state or local tax laws and changes impacting the rulemaking, supervision, examination and enforcement priorities of the federal banking agencies; the sufficiency of liquidity and changes in the Company's capital position; general economic and financial market conditions, in the United States generally and particularly in the markets in which the Company operates and which the Company's loans are concentrated, including the effects of declines in real estate values, an increase in unemployment levels, U.S. fiscal debt, budget, and tax matters, U.S. government shutdowns, and slowdowns in economic growth; the possibility that the anticipated benefits of the Company's acquisition activity, including the Company's acquisition of Sandy Spring, including anticipated cost savings and strategic gains, are not realized when expected or at all, including as a result of the strength of the economy, competitive factors in the areas where the Company does business, or as a result of other unexpected factors or events; potential adverse reactions or changes to business or employee relationships, including those resulting from the Company's acquisition of Sandy Spring; the Company's ability to identify, recruit and retain key employees; monetary, fiscal and regulatory policies of the U.S. government, including policies of the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve; the quality or composition of the Company's loan or investment portfolios and changes in these portfolios; demand for loan products and financial services in the Company's market areas; the Company's ability to manage the Company's growth or implement the Company's growth strategy; the effectiveness of expense reduction plans; the introduction of new lines of business or new products and services; real estate values in the Company's lending area; changes in accounting principles, standards, rules, and interpretations, and the related impact on the Company's financial statements; an insufficient ACL or volatility in the ACL resulting from the Current Expected Credit Losses ("CECL") methodology, either alone or as that may be affected by changing economic conditions, credit concentrations, inflation, changing interest rates, or other factors; concentrations of loans secured by real estate, particularly CRE; the effectiveness of the Company's credit processes and management of the Company's credit risk; the Company's ability to compete in the market for financial services and increased competition from fintech companies; technological risks and developments, and cyber threats, attacks, or events; emerging issues related to the development and use of artificial intelligence that could give rise to legal or regulatory action or increase the risk of a cybersecurity attack or the probability that such an attack would be successful; operational, technological, cultural, regulatory, legal, credit, and other risks associated with the exploration, consumption and integration of potential future acquisitions, whether involving stock or cash consideration; the potential adverse effects of unusual and infrequently occurring events, such as weather-related disasters, terrorist acts, geopolitical conflicts or public health events (such as pandemics), and of governmental and societal responses thereto; these potential adverse effects may include, without limitation, adverse effects on macroeconomic conditions, the ability of the Company's borrowers to satisfy their obligations to us, on the value of collateral securing loans, on the demand for the Company's loans or the Company's other products and services, on supply chains and methods used to distribute products and services, on incidents of cyberattack and fraud, on the Company's liquidity or capital positions, on risks posed by reliance on third-party service providers, on other aspects of the Company's business operations and on financial markets and economic growth; performance by the Company's counterparties or vendors; deposit flows; the availability of financing and the terms thereof; the level of prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities; actual or potential claims, damages, and fines related to litigation or government actions, which may result in, among other things, additional costs, fines, penalties, restrictions on the Company's business activities, reputational harm, or other adverse consequences; any event or development that would cause us to conclude that there was an impairment of any asset, including intangible assets, such as goodwill; and other factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control. A detailed discussion of factors that could affect the Company's results is included in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the "Risk Factors" section of its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Company undertakes no duty to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in its expectations, except as required by law. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, it cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements.

DISCLAIMER

This presentation is not an offer to sell securities, and the Company is not soliciting an offer to buy securities in any jurisdiction where such offer or sale is not permitted. Neither the SEC, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities of the Company or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this presentation. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. The Company's subordinated notes are not a deposit account of its subsidiary bank and are not insured by the FDIC or any other governmental agency. Except as otherwise indicated, this presentation speaks as of the date hereof. This presentation shall not constitute an offer to purchase or the solicitation of an offer to sell the Company's subordinated notes. In addition, the redemption of the Company's subordinated notes due 2029 will be made solely pursuant to a redemption notice delivered pursuant to the indenture governing the existing subordinated notes due 2029, and nothing contained herein constitutes a notice of redemption of such notes.

The offering of subordinated notes is being made pursuant to a shelf registration statement (File No. 333-281290) (including base prospectus), filed by the Company with the SEC on August 6, 2024. The Company filed a preliminary prospectus supplement on July 27, 2026 with the SEC for the offering to which this presentation relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus and the preliminary prospectus supplement included in the registration statement and other documents the Company has filed with the SEC for more complete information about the Company and this offering. You may obtain these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC's website at sec.gov. Alternatively, the Company, any underwriter or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send you copies of the prospectus and the preliminary prospectus supplement relating to the proposed offering if you request it by contacting Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, Inc., a Stifel Company, by emailing USCapitalMarkets@kbw.com.

Certain information contained in this presentation relates to or is based on publications and other data obtained from third-party sources. While the Company believes these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, the Company has not independently verified, and makes no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. The delivery of this presentation shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Company after the date hereof.

PRELIMINARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This presentation includes certain preliminary unaudited financial information and expectations relating to the second quarter of 2026. The Company's full unaudited financial statements as of and for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026, are not yet available. In the opinion of management, such unaudited financial information includes all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position and results of operations for such period. These results are also subject to further revision based upon the review of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm of such quarterly results and an audit by its independent registered public accounting firm of its annual results for the year ended December 31, 2026. Therefore, no assurance can be given that, upon completion of the Company's review and the review of its independent registered public accounting firm, the Company will not report materially different financial results than those set forth in this presentation. There can be no assurance that such results will be indicative of the Company's results for the entire year ending December 31, 2026. Further, although this presentation describes the current estimated impact of the Company's potential use of a portion of the proceeds from this offering, any such actions will depend on a number of factors, including market conditions and business developments. The Company is not required to apply any portion of the net proceeds of this offering for any particular purpose, and its management will have broad discretion in allocating the net proceeds of the offering.

The Company does not intend to update or otherwise revise these expected events and estimates to reflect future events or changes in estimates and does not intend to disclose publicly whether its actual results will vary from its estimates other than through the release of actual results in the ordinary course of business. No independent registered public accounting firm has compiled, examined or performed any procedures with respect to the preliminary financial information included in this presentation, nor have they expressed any opinion or other form of assurance on such information or its achievability. These estimates should not be regarded as a representation by the Company, its management or the underwriters as to the Company's actual results for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2026. The assumptions and estimates underlying the estimated financial information are inherently uncertain and are subject to a wide variety of significant business, economic and competitive risks and uncertainties, including those described under "Risk Factors" in the Company's SEC filings. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these estimates.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This presentation contains financial measures determined by methods other than in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's business and may refer to such measures in this presentation. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide a greater understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods and show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented. You should not rely on these non-GAAP financial measures as a substitute for, or as superior to, GAAP results. Non-GAAP financial measures have inherent limitations, are not uniformly applied and are not audited. Because non-GAAP financial measures are not standardized, it may not be possible to compare these financial measures with other companies' non-GAAP financial measures having the same or similar names. Please refer to the appendix section of this presentation for non-GAAP definitions and a reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures.

OFFERING OVERVIEW

Issuer	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (NYSE: AUB)
Security Offered	Fixed-to-Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 2036
Offering Size	\$200 million
Expected Security Ratings ¹	BBB (Stable) by Kroll Bond Rating Agency
Format	SEC Registered
Term	10 Years
Call	5 Years
Use of Proceeds	Redeem \$168.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's outstanding 4.25% Fixed-to-Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 2029 and general corporate purposes, including providing capital to Atlantic Union Bank to support its growth
Joint Book-Running Managers	Keefe, Bruyette & Woods, A Stifel Company Piper Sandler



1. An explanation of the significance of ratings may be obtained from the rating agency. Generally, rating agencies base their ratings on such material and information, and such of their own investigations, studies and assumptions, as they deem appropriate. The rating of the subordinated notes should be evaluated independently from similar ratings of other securities. A credit rating of a security is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to review, revision, suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. No report of any rating agency is incorporated by reference herein.

OUR EXECUTIVE LEADERSHIP



John C. Asbury
President & CEO
Age: 61

- ▲ Chief Executive Officer since January 2017
- ▲ President since October 2016
- ▲ President and Chief Executive Officer of First National Bank of Santa Fe (2015-2016)
- ▲ Senior Executive Vice President and Head of Business Services Group at Regions Bank (2010-2014)



Alexander D. Dodd, CFA
EVP & CFO
Age: 49

- ▲ Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer since April 2026
- ▲ Deputy Chief Financial Officer & Executive Vice President at TD Bank Group (most recently)
- ▲ Interim Chief Financial Officer for TD Bank's U.S. operations; CFO of the Consumer Bank
- ▲ Began banking career at MBNA before joining TD Banknorth, prior to its combination with Commerce Bank

COMPANY OVERVIEW

OUR COMPANY

Soundness | Profitability | Growth

Largest Regional Bank Headquartered in the Lower Mid-Atlantic

HIGHLIGHTS¹

\$38.1 Billion

Assets

\$28.7 Billion

Loans

\$30.5 Billion

Deposits

177

branches across
Virginia, North
Carolina and
Maryland footprint

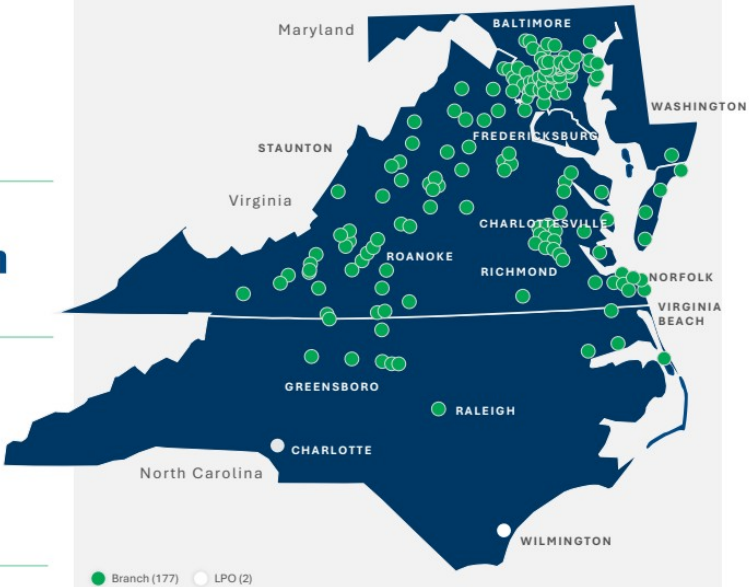
#1

largest regional
bank in lower Mid-
Atlantic, Maryland
and Virginia^{2,3}

\$6.0 Billion

Market Capitalization

MID-ATLANTIC PRESENCE



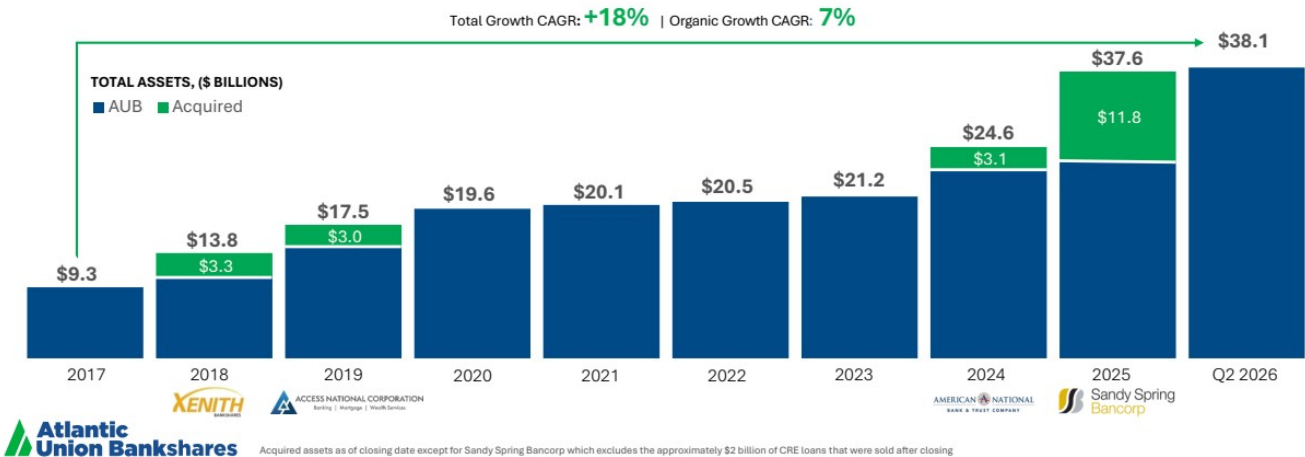
1. Assets, Loans, Deposits, and Branch Count are as of June 30, 2026. Market Cap as of July 20, 2026.
2. Based on deposit market share as of June 30, 2025. Regional market: Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Washington, D.C., and West Virginia
3. Regional banks defined as U.S. Banks with <\$100 Billion in assets

A DELIBERATE, DISCIPLINED TRANSFORMATION JOURNEY

Over the last ten years, we have evolved from a local Virginia community bank into the largest regional bank headquartered in the lower Mid-Atlantic.

Our expansion has been deliberate, blending steady organic growth with focused strategic mergers and acquisitions.

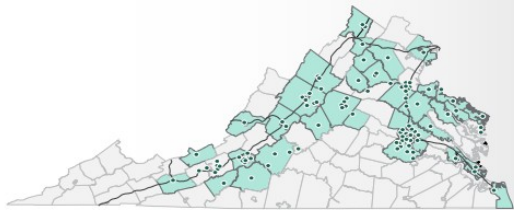
Every acquisition and investment was driven by a specific goal: to establish a strong, connected presence initially throughout Virginia, then Maryland, and now North Carolina. In the near term, we intend to maximize the potential of the Sandy Spring Bank acquisition.



THE LEADING BANK OF THE LOWER MID-ATLANTIC REGION

2017
PATH TO VIRGINIA'S BANK

Atlantic Union Bankshares 111 Branches (June 30, 2017)

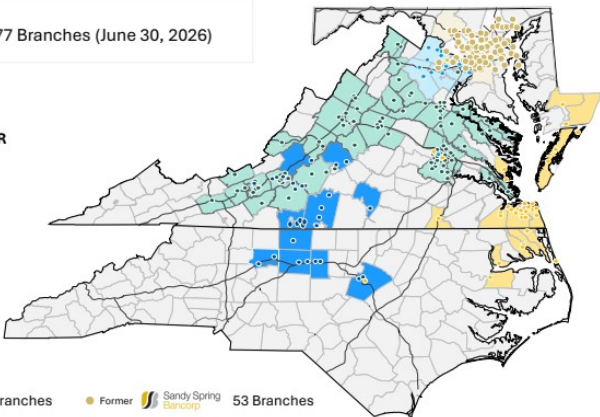


2026
LARGEST REGIONAL BANK HEADQUARTERED IN THE LOWER MID-ATLANTIC

Atlantic Union Bankshares 177 Branches (June 30, 2026)

6%
BRANCH GROWTH CAGR
FROM 2017 TO 2Q 2026

18%
ASSET GROWTH CAGR
FROM 2017 TO 2Q 2026



Former **XENITH** 37 Branches
Former **Sandy Spring Bancorp** 53 Branches
Former **ACCESS NATIONAL BANK** 15 Branches
Former **AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK & TRUST COMPANY** 26 Branches

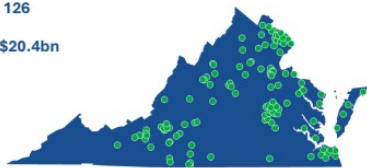


Source: SNL Financial
Branch counts as of the time of the closing of each acquisition

AFFLUENT AND GROWING MARKETS

VIRGINIA

Branches: 126
Deposits: \$20.4bn



MARYLAND¹

Branches: 40
Deposits: \$9.7bn



NORTH CAROLINA

Branches: 11
Deposits: \$892mm



Key Geographic Highlights

Total Market Deposits	\$326.8bn	Total Market Deposits	\$264.3bn	Total Market Deposits	\$726.3bn
Median HHI 2031 Proj.	\$110.6k	Median HHI 2031 Proj.	\$116.7k	Median HHI 2031 Proj.	\$89.7k
Median HHI CAGR 2031 Proj.	2.07%	Median HHI CAGR 2031 Proj.	1.73%	Median HHI CAGR 2031 Proj.	2.57%
Population CAGR 2031 Proj.	0.39%	Population CAGR 2031 Proj.	0.27%	Population CAGR 2031 Proj.	1.00%



Source for non-Company information: S&P Global Market Intelligence; Deposit market data as of 6/30/2025.
1. Deposit market share data includes District of Columbia

Q2 2026 HIGHLIGHTS



Leading Regional Presence

Dense, uniquely valuable presence across attractive markets

- #1 Largest Regional Bank headquartered in the lower Mid-Atlantic¹
- 177 Total Branches Across our Virginia, Maryland, Washington D.C., and North Carolina markets
- We believe the three state footprint that we operate in is among the most attractive in the country



Financial Strength

Solid balance sheet & capital levels

- 10.4% CET1 Ratio | 14.1% Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio; rapidly accreting capital
- 94% Loan-to-Deposit Ratio; 92% Core Deposits² | 22% Non-Interest Bearing Deposits
- Proven track record of conservative credit
- 1.15% Allowance for Credit Losses to Loans



Solid Earnings Power

Top-tier returns, an expanding margin, and diversified revenue

- Adjusted operating ROA⁴ of 1.47% (GAAP ROA of 1.73%)
- Adjusted operating ROTCE⁴ of 20.1% (GAAP ROTCE of 23.4%)
- Net Interest Margin of 3.89%, up 9 basis points from the prior quarter on higher earning-asset yields
- Diversified revenue base — Q2 2026 adjusted operating noninterest income⁴ of \$57.9 million across fiduciary & asset management, service charges, interchange, etc.



Strong Growth Profile

Organic & Capitalizing on Executing Sandy Spring Acquisition

- Focused on organic growth opportunities and adding 10 branches to North Carolina
- Total Loan CAGR from 2017 to 2Q 2026 = 18% Total | 8% Organic³
- \$17Bn of Wealth AUM



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence Financial Data as of or for the three months ended 6/30/2026.

1. Based on Deposit market share as of June 30, 2025. Regional banks defined as U.S. Banks with <\$100Bn in assets; Mid-Atlantic defined as Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Washington D.C., and West Virginia
2. Core deposits defined as total deposits less jumbo time deposits and brokered deposits
3. Organic growth excludes loans acquired in acquisitions from 2017 to 2Q 2026
4. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Q2 2026 FINANCIALS AT A GLANCE

Balance Sheet (\$B)		
Assets	\$38.1	+8.4%
Gross Loans HFI	\$28.7	+10.4%
Deposits	\$30.5	+1.0%
TCE ¹	\$2.95	+16.5%
Profitability		
GAAP	Net Income	\$161M
	ROA	1.73%
	ROTCE	23.4%
	Dil. EPS	\$1.11
	Eff. Ratio	47.9%
	NIM	3.89%
Adj. ¹	Net Income ¹	\$137M
	ROA ¹	1.47%
	ROTCE ¹	20.1%
	Dil. EPS ¹	\$0.94
	Eff. Ratio(FTE) ¹	47.5%
	Core NIM (FTE) ¹	3.46%

QoQ Growth²



1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
2. Quarter over quarter percentage changes in this table are calculated on an annualized basis except for dividends, which are presented on a per share basis.

Q2 2026 Highlights

Reported net income available to common shareholders increased 32.6% from the prior quarter driven by:

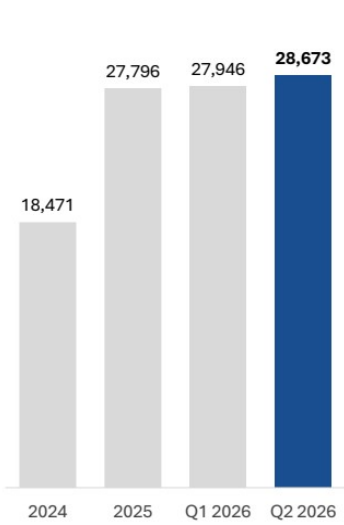
- An increase in noninterest income, primarily driven by a \$32.3 million pre-tax gain on the sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance Group, LLC ("Bearing Insurance");
- Increase in net interest income, primarily driven by higher interest income on loans held for investment ("LHFI") and lower interest expense on long-term borrowing costs;
- A decrease in noninterest expense, primarily driven by a \$9.0 million decrease in pre-tax merger-related costs;
- Partially offset by an increase in provision for credit losses, primarily driven by the reserve build associated with loan portfolio growth;
- An increase in income tax expense associated with higher pre-tax income.

Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders¹ increased 6.2% from the prior quarter primarily due to:

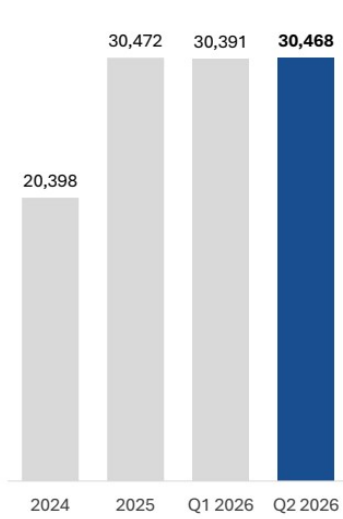
- An increase in net interest income, as described above;
- An increase in adjusted noninterest income¹, primarily due to a \$2.5 million increase in loan-related interest rate swap fees, and a \$1.3 million increase in fiduciary and asset management fees, partially offset by a \$2.8 million decrease in other operating income;
- Partially offset by an increase in income tax expense, as described above.

BALANCE SHEET TRENDS

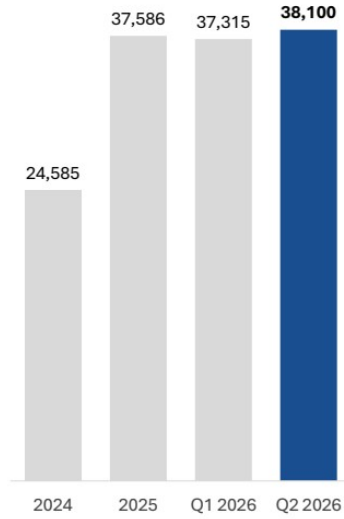
LOANS (\$ IN MILLIONS)



DEPOSITS (\$ IN MILLIONS)

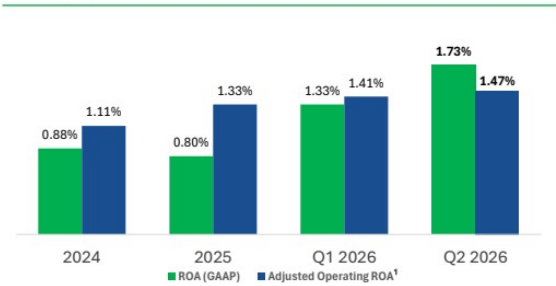


ASSETS (\$ IN MILLIONS)

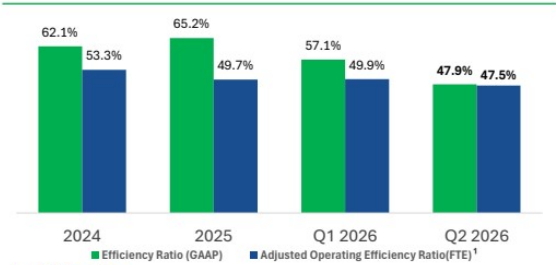


PROFITABILITY

ROA (%)

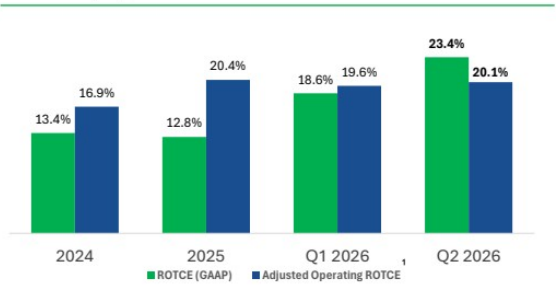


EFFICIENCY RATIO (%)

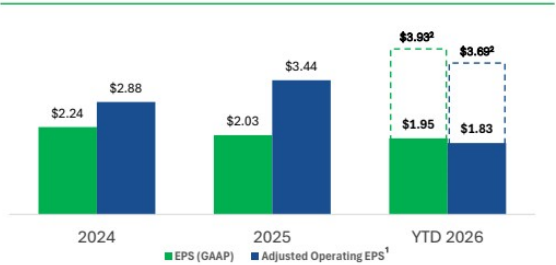


Quarterly data for three months ended, year-to-date data for six months ended, yearly data for the twelve months ended.
1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
2. Annualized for illustrative purposes.

ROTCE (%)

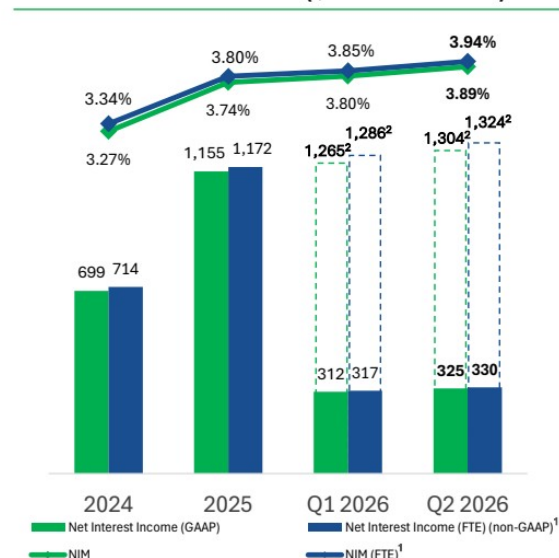


EPS (\$)



NET INTEREST MARGIN

NET INTEREST INCOME (\$ IN MILLIONS)



1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
 2. Annualized for illustrative purposes

LOAN PORTFOLIO PRICING MIX

	Q2 2026
Fixed	46%
1-month SOFR	41%
Prime	8%
Other	5%
Total	100%

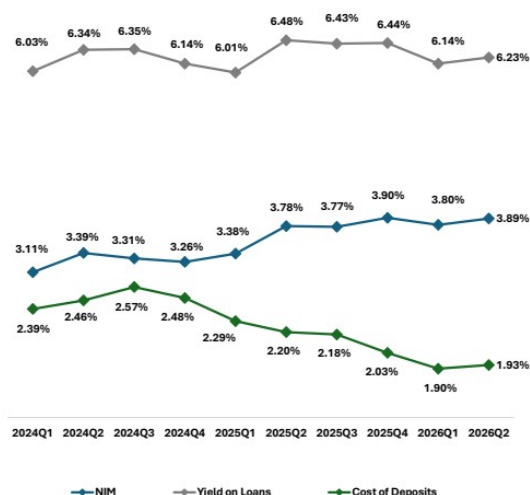
Approximately 19% of the total loan portfolio at 6/30/2026 have floors and all are above floors

COMMENTARY – Q2 2026 vs. Q1 2026

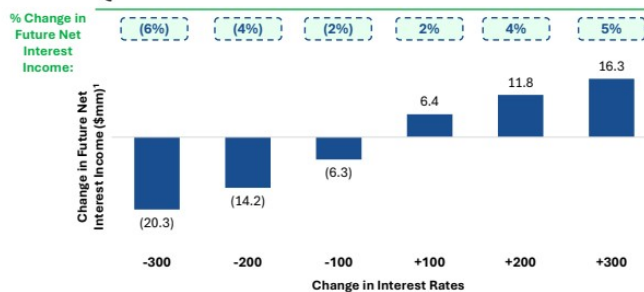
- **Net interest income increased** \$12.7 million to \$325.1 million, and net interest income (FTE)¹ increased \$12.8 million to \$329.7 million from the prior quarter.
- Increases were driven primarily by higher interest income on loans held for investment, reflecting loan growth, higher loan yields, and increased loan accretion income.
- **Net interest margin and net interest margin (FTE)¹** each increased 9 basis points from the prior quarter to 3.89% and 3.94%, respectively, aided by earning asset yields rising 9 basis points to 5.88%.
- Net accretion income was \$39.9 million for the quarter, compared to \$32.9 million in the prior quarter.
- Loan portfolio is 46% fixed / 41% 1-month SOFR / 8% Prime / 5% other; approximately 19% of the total portfolio has floors, all of which are above their floors at 6/30/26.

INTEREST RATE POSITIONING

NIM, YIELD ON LOANS & COST OF DEPOSITS



Q2 2026 INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY

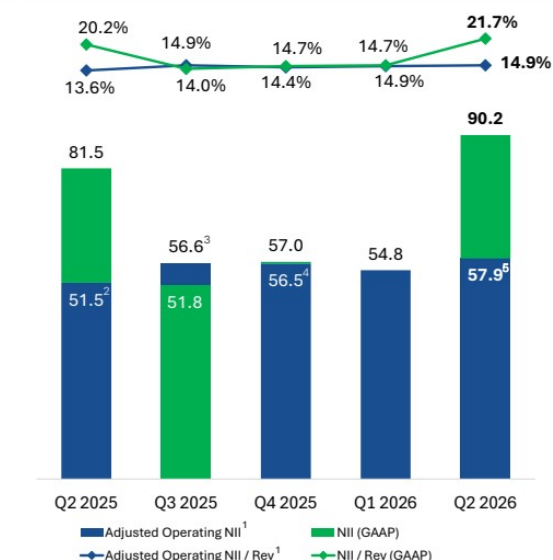


COMMENTARY – Q2 2026 vs. Q1 2026

- Average cost of deposits increased 3 basis points to 1.93%, while average cost of funds was unchanged at 1.94%, as increases in deposit costs were offset by lower acquisition accounting-related borrowing amortization.
- Loan yield (FTE)¹ increased 9 basis points to 6.23% and earning asset yield (FTE)¹ increased 9 basis points to 5.88%, driven by higher loan yields and loan accretion income.
- Cost of interest-bearing deposits** was 2.48% and cost of interest-bearing liabilities was 2.59% for the quarter.
- Balance sheet remains modestly asset-sensitive**; the securities portfolio is used defensively to neutralize the overall asset-sensitive interest rate risk profile.

NON-INTEREST INCOME

NON-INTEREST INCOME (\$ IN MILLIONS)



Atlantic Union Bankshares

Figures may not foot due to rounding.

1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

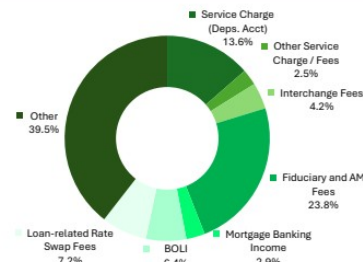
2. Q3 2025 excludes the impact of the \$15.7 million pre-tax gain on the Commercial Real Estate ("CRE") loan sale and a \$14.3 million pre-tax gain on the sale of the Company's equity interest in Carry Street Partners "CSP".

3. Q3 2025 excludes the impact of the (\$4.8) million pre-tax loss related to the final CRE loan sale settlement.

4. Q4 2025 excludes the impact of the \$457,000 pre-tax gain on sale of the Company's equity interest in CSP.

5. Q2 2026 excludes the impact of the \$32.3 million pre-tax gain on sale of the Company's equity interest in Bearing Insurance Group, LLC ("Bearing Insurance").

Q2 2026 COMPOSITION

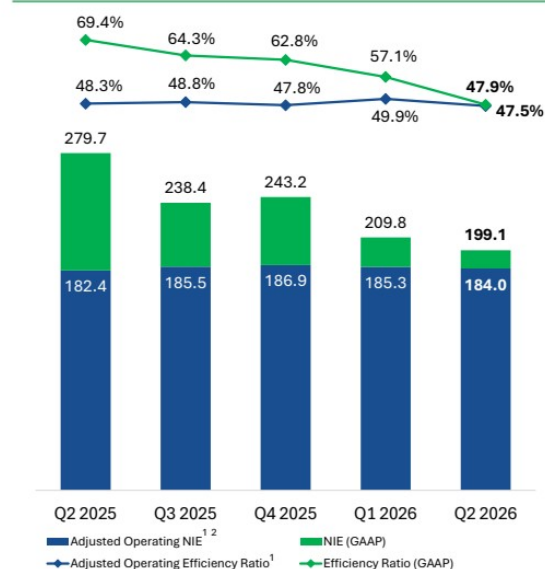


COMMENTARY – Q2 2026 vs. Q1 2026

- Noninterest income increased \$35.4 million to \$90.2 million, primarily driven by a \$32.3 million pre-tax gain on the sale of the Company's equity interest in Bearing Insurance.
- Adjusted operating noninterest income¹, which excludes the pre-tax gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance and pre-tax gains on sale of securities, increased \$3.1 million to \$57.9 million.
- Increase was driven by a \$2.5 million increase in loan-related interest rate swap fees due to an increase in transaction volumes and a \$1.3 million increase in fiduciary and asset management fees, primarily due to an increase in assets under management.
- Partially offset by a \$2.8 million decrease in other operating income, primarily due to a decrease in equity method investment income, reflecting the impact of the Bearing Insurance equity interest sale and mark-to-market valuation losses on certain investments.

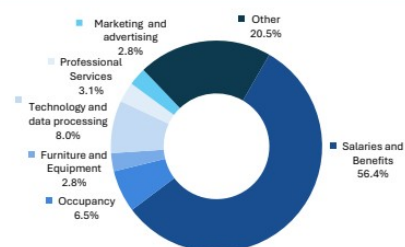
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE

NON-INTEREST EXPENSE (\$ IN MILLIONS)



Figures may not foot due to rounding.
 1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
 2. Excludes merger-related costs and amortization of intangible assets.

Q2 2026 COMPOSITION



COMMENTARY – Q2 2026 vs. Q1 2026

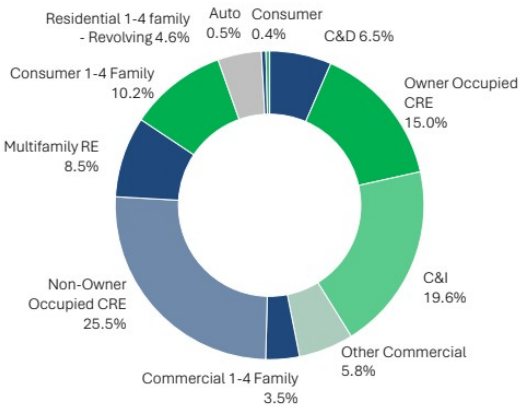
- Noninterest expense decreased \$10.7 million to \$199.1 million, primarily driven by a \$9.0 million decrease in pre-tax merger-related costs.
- Adjusted operating noninterest expense¹, which excludes merger-related costs and amortization of intangible assets, decreased \$1.3 million to \$184.0 million.
- Decrease driven by a \$1.8 million decline in marketing and advertising expense and a \$1.1 million decline in salaries and benefits expense (seasonal decrease in payroll taxes and 401(k) contribution expenses), partially offset by a \$1.6 million increase in other expenses.
- Efficiency ratio (FTE)¹ of 47.4% and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE)¹ of 47.5% for the quarter.

LOAN PORTFOLIO AND ASSET QUALITY

DIVERSIFIED AND GRANULAR LOAN PORTFOLIO

As of June 30,2026

TOTAL LOAN PORTFOLIO \$28.7 BILLION



LOAN PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

6.23%

Q2 2026 Weighted Average Yield (Tax Equivalent)¹

1.3 years

Duration

40%

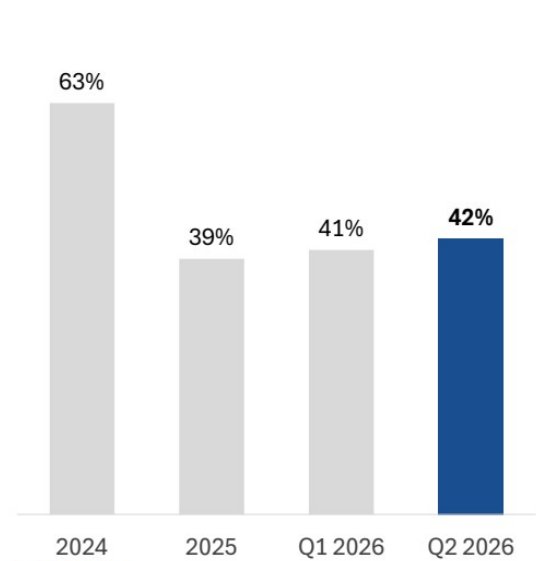
Commercial²



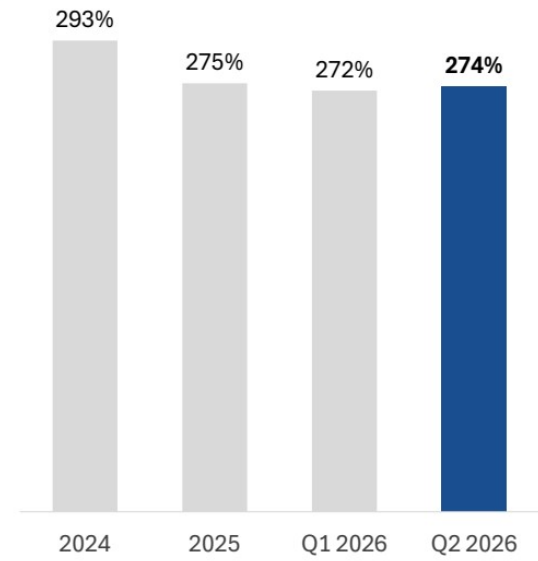
Figures may not foot due to rounding.
1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
2. Commercial defined as C&I plus owner-occupied commercial real estate and other commercial

C&D AND CRE LOAN CONCENTRATIONS

C&D LOANS / RISK BASED CAPITAL (%)



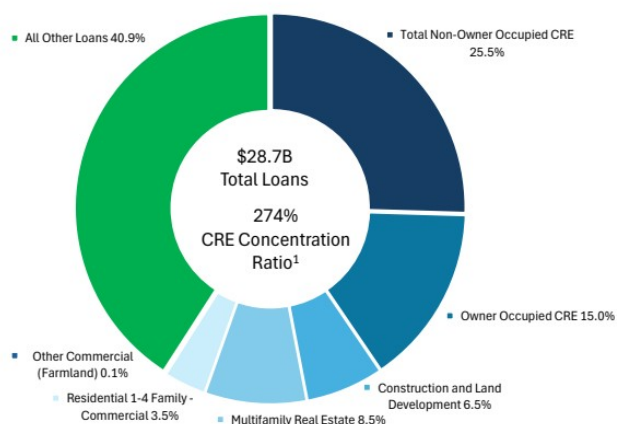
CRE¹ LOANS / RISK BASED CAPITAL (%)



Financial data per bank level regulatory filings.
1. Commercial Real Estate (including CRE loans held for sale) as defined by joint regulatory guidance to include call codes 1.a (Construction), 1.d (Multifamily), 1.e.2. (Other Non-farm Non-residential, excluding Owner-Occupied) and CRE loans not secured by real estate.

CRE PORTFOLIO

At June 30, 2026



CRE BY CLASS

\$ IN MILLIONS

	Total Outstandings	% of Total Portfolio
Hotel/Motel B&B	\$1,230	4.3%
Industrial/Warehouse	\$1,290	4.5%
Office	\$1,478	5.2%
Retail	\$1,844	6.4%
Self Storage	\$715	2.5%
Senior Living	\$120	0.4%
Other	\$627	2.2%
Total Non-Owner Occupied CRE	\$7,304	25.5%
Owner Occupied CRE	\$4,308	15.0%
Construction and Land Development	\$1,859	6.5%
Multifamily Real Estate	\$2,429	8.5%
Residential 1-4 Family - Commercial	\$1,008	3.5%
Other Commercial (Farmland)	\$42	0.1%
Total CRE	\$16,951	59.1%



1. CRE concentration as a percentage of total capital; Loan balances used are as defined in the Call Report instructions. Figures may not foot due to rounding.

NON-OWNER OCCUPIED OFFICE CRE PORTFOLIO

As of June 30, 2026

GEOGRAPHICALLY DIVERSE NON-OWNER OCCUPIED OFFICE PORTFOLIO

(\$ MILLIONS)

BY MARKET		DC METRO SUBMARKET ²	
Carolinas	\$326	District of Columbia	\$60
Western VA	\$154	Suburban Maryland	\$180
Fredericksburg Area	\$163	Suburban Virginia	\$196
Central VA	\$100	Total	\$436
Coastal VA/NC	\$61		
Baltimore	\$127		
DC Metro	\$436		
Other Maryland	\$50		
Eastern VA	\$26		
Other	\$36		
Total	\$1,478		

NON-OWNER OCCUPIED OFFICE PORTFOLIO CREDIT QUALITY

KEY PORTFOLIO METRICS	
Avg. Office Loan (\$ thousands)	\$2,223
Median Office Loan (\$ thousands)	\$744
Loan Loss Reserve / Office Loans	1.58%
NCOs / Office Loans ¹	(0.02%)
Delinquencies / Office Loans	0.40%
NPL / Office Loans	0.20%
Criticized Loans / Office Loans	8.88%



Figures may not foot due to rounding.
1. Trailing 4 Quarters Avg NCO/Trailing 4 Quarter Avg Office Portfolio
2. DC, Montgomery County, Prince George's County, Fairfax County, Fairfax City, Falls Church City, Arlington County, Alexandria City

MULTIFAMILY CRE PORTFOLIO

As of June 30, 2026

GEOGRAPHICALLY DIVERSE MULTIFAMILY PORTFOLIO

(\$ MILLIONS)

BY MARKET		DC METRO SUBMARKET ²	
Carolinas	\$768	District of Columbia	\$251
Western VA	\$255	Suburban Maryland	\$108
Fredericksburg Area	\$87	Suburban Virginia	\$9
Central VA	\$291	Total	\$368
Coastal VA/NC	\$220		
Baltimore	\$133		
DC Metro	\$368		
Other Maryland	\$11		
Eastern VA	\$39		
Other	\$259		
Total	\$2,429		

MULTIFAMILY PORTFOLIO CREDIT QUALITY

KEY PORTFOLIO METRICS	
Avg. Multifamily Loan (\$ thousands)	\$3,715
Median Multifamily Loan (\$ thousands)	\$888
Loan Loss Reserve / Multifamily Loans	1.34%
NCOs / Multifamily Loans ¹	0.00%
Delinquencies / Multifamily Loans	1.19%
NPL / Multifamily Loans	0.96%
Criticized Loans / Multifamily Loans	12.57%



Figures may not foot due to rounding.
1. Trailing 4 Quarters Avg NCO/Trailing 4 Quarter Avg Multifamily Portfolio
2. DC, Montgomery County, Prince George's County, Fairfax County, Fairfax City, Falls Church City, Arlington County, Alexandria City

OVERVIEW OF GOVERNMENT-RELATED LOAN PORTFOLIO EXPOSURES

As of June 30, 2026

KEY METRICS OF GOVERNMENT CONTRACTING PORTFOLIO

\$776.4 million	1.00%	\$3.6 million
Total Amount of Loans	Loan Loss Reserve/ Gov Con Loans	Avg. Loan Size

0.00%	0.0%	8.84%
Non-Performing Loans	Net Charge-Offs ¹	Criticized Loans/ Gov Con Loans

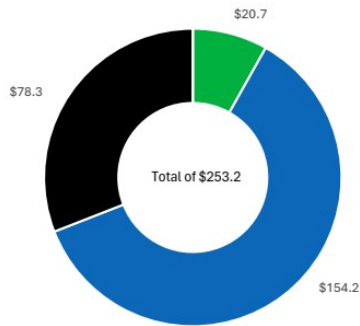
- Government Contracting team has managed through government shutdowns and sequestrations in the past.
- Focus on national security agency and defense industry contractors.
- Active monitoring of all published notices of contract terminations or stop work orders.

NON-DEPOSITORY FINANCIAL INSTITUTION (“NDFI”)/PRIVATE CREDIT PORTFOLIO

As of June 30, 2026

NDFI/PRIVATE CREDIT PORTFOLIO

\$ IN MILLIONS



NDFI/PRIVATE CREDIT LOAN TYPES

- Loans to mortgage credit intermediaries**
Institutional CRE, Residential Mortgage Warehouse, Mortgage Servicing Rights ("MSR")
- Loans to business credit intermediaries**
Wholesale Lender Finance, Business Development Companies
- Other loans to non-depository financial institutions**
All Other (e.g. insurance, broker/dealer)
- Loans to consumer credit intermediaries¹**
Consumer Lender Finance

PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

- Comprised primarily of facilities that help fund private equity group lending to businesses
- The Company's exposure consists of granular downstream credits held as collateral with each facility controlled with specific conservative advance rates and concentration percentages
- The Company has had no NDFI charge-offs or past due loans in the preceding four quarters
- All NDFI loans are included in the Other Commercial (Other) loan class

KEY PORTFOLIO METRICS

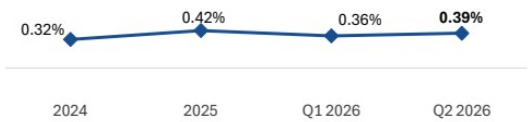
NDFI Loan Loss Reserve / Total NDFI Loans	0.86%
NDFI Loans/ Total Loans	0.88%
Average NDFI Loan Size	\$2.2 million



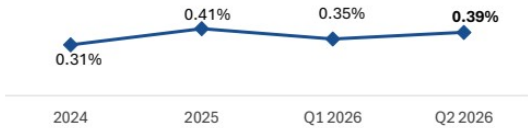
1. As of June 30, 2026, there were no outstanding balances related to loans to consumer credit intermediaries

ASSET QUALITY

NON-PERFORMING ASSETS / LHFI



NON-ACCRUAL LOANS / LHFI



PROVISIONS



PAST DUE AND STILL ACCRUING / LHFI¹



Yearly data as of or for the twelve months ended, quarterly data as of or for the three months ended
1. Shown as 30+ days past due and still accruing / total loans held for investment.

Q2 2026 ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES (ACL) AND PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES

	ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN & LEASE LOSSES (ALLL)	RESERVE FOR UNFUNDED COMMITMENTS (RUC)	ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES
12/31/2025 Ending Balance % of loans	\$295.1 million (1.06%)	\$26.2 million (0.10%)	\$321.3 million (1.16%)
Q1 2026 Activity	(\$4.0) million Decrease driven by portfolio mix changes.	+\$4.6 million Increase primarily driven by higher construction and land development unfunded commitments.	+\$0.6 million \$2.2 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$1.6 million net charge- offs.
03/31/2026 Ending Balance % of loans	\$291.1 million (1.04%)	\$30.8 million (0.11%)	\$321.9 million (1.15%)
Q2 2026 Activity	+\$7.7 million Increase driven by loan growth.	+\$1.4 million Increase driven by growth in unfunded commitments.	+\$9.1 million \$11.0 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$2.0 million net charge-offs.
06/30/2026 Ending Balance % of loans	\$298.8 million (1.04%)	\$32.2 million (0.11%)	\$331.0 million (1.15%)



Numbers may not foot due to rounding

Q2 MACROECONOMIC FORECAST

MOODY'S JUNE 2026 BASELINE FORECAST:

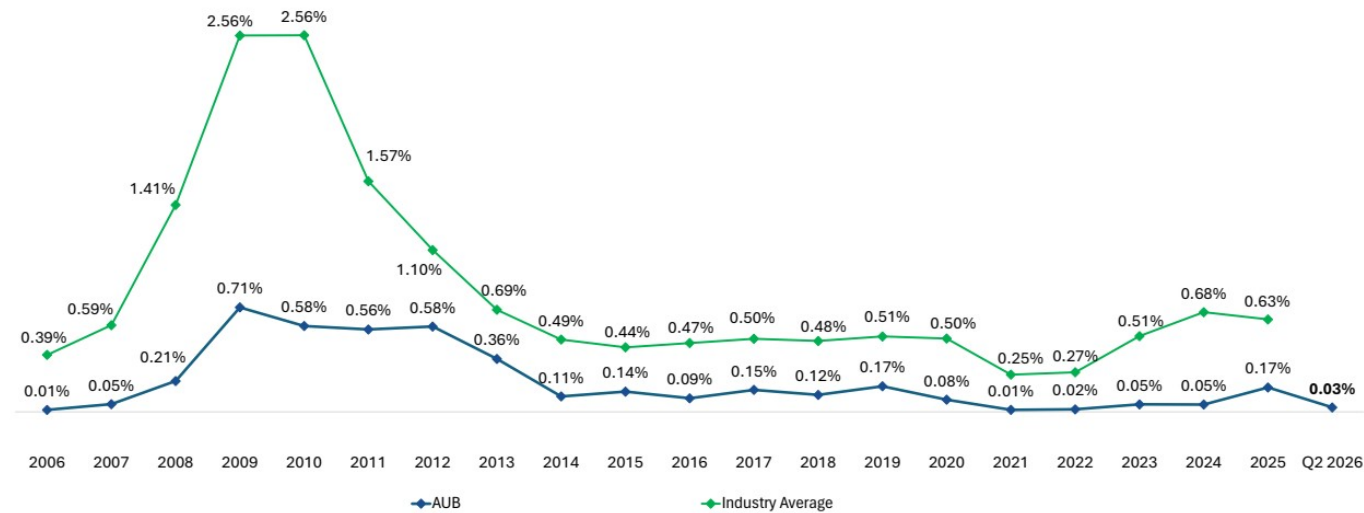
- US GDP expected to average ~2.1% growth in 2026 and ~1.9% in 2027.
- The national unemployment rate expected to average ~4.4% in 2026 and ~4.6% 2027.

Q2 ACL CONSIDERATIONS

- Effective January 1, 2026, the Company made certain changes to its ACL methodology as part of the continued enhancement of its credit modeling practices, resulting in more dynamic and precise modeling that allows for more granularity in the monitoring of our credit losses.
- Utilizes a weighted Moody's forecast economic scenarios approach in the overall estimate.
- The increase in the allowance for credit losses reflects growth in both the ALLL and the RUC primarily driven by loan growth and higher unfunded commitments.
- The reasonable and supportable forecast period is 2 years; followed by reversion to the historical loss average over 2 years.

HISTORY OF PRUDENT CREDIT MANAGEMENT ACROSS CYCLES

NET CHARGE OFFS / AVERAGE LOANS (%)



Source: S&P Global Market Intelligence, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Federal Reserve Economic Data - FRED), Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) & company filings; Financial data as of respective quarter ended; Industry average includes all FDIC-insured institutions.

FUNDING & LIQUIDITY

ATTRACTIVE CORE DEPOSIT BASE

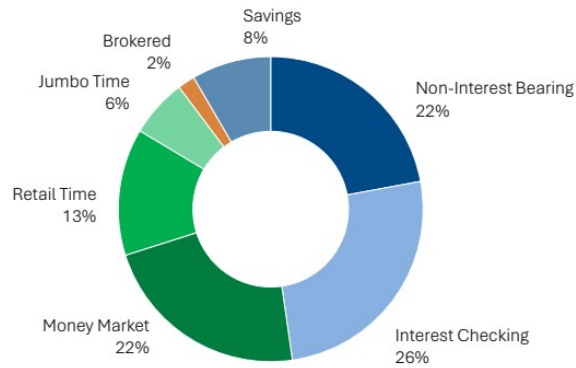
DEPOSIT BASE CHARACTERISTICS AS OF JUNE 30, 2026

1.93%
cost of deposits

92%
core deposits¹

48%
transactional accounts

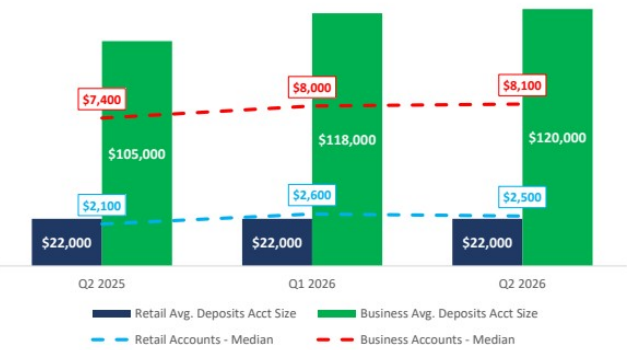
DEPOSIT COMPOSITION — \$30.5 BILLION



Figures may not foot due to rounding
1. Core deposits defined as total deposits less jumbo time deposits and brokered deposits

GRANULAR DEPOSIT BASE

CUSTOMER DEPOSIT GRANULARITY



PERIOD END UNINSURED & UNCOLLATERALIZED DEPOSITS AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL DEPOSITS

(\$ MILLIONS)

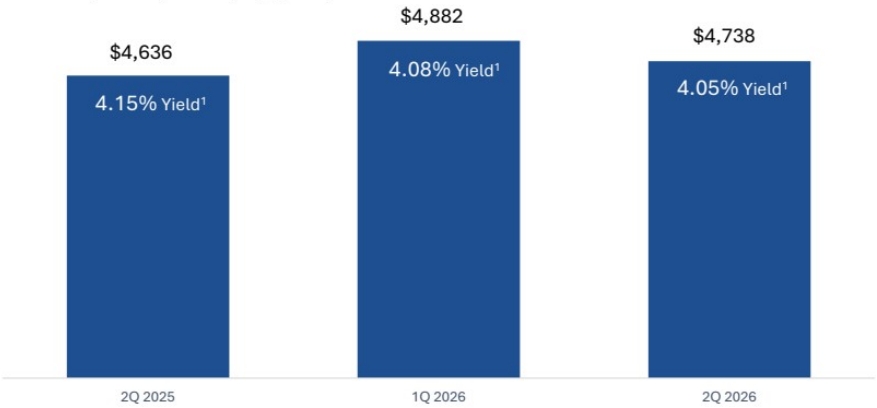


SECURITIES PORTFOLIO

INVESTMENT SECURITIES BALANCES

(\$ MILLIONS)

■ Total AFS (fair value) and HTM (carrying value)



Data as of 6/30/26, unless stated otherwise
1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

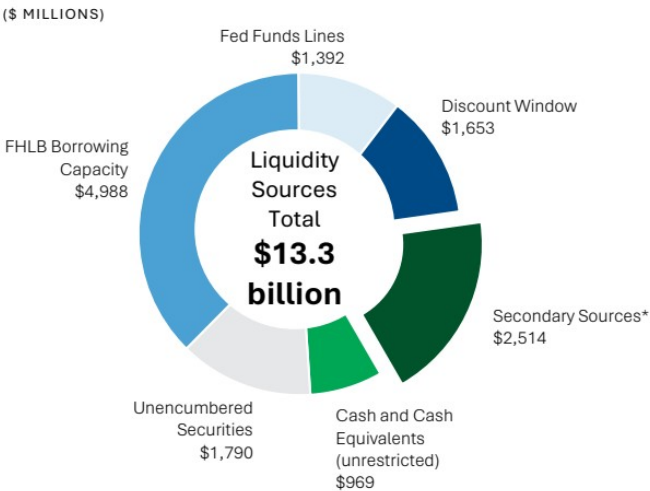
- Total securities portfolio of \$4.7 billion with a total net unrealized losses of \$346.2 million
 - 83% of total portfolio book value in available-for-sale (“AFS”) with net unrealized losses of \$317 million
 - 17% of total portfolio book value designated as held-to-maturity with net unrealized losses of \$29 million
 - 14% floating rate versus 86% fixed rate
- Total effective duration of approximately 4.0 years. Securities portfolio is used defensively to neutralize overall asset sensitive interest rate risk profile
- ~27% municipals, ~71% treasuries, agency MBS/CMOs and ~2% corporates and other investments
- Securities to total assets of 12.4% as of June 30, 2026, down from 13.1% as of March 31, 2026

LIQUIDITY POSITION

At June 30, 2026

TOTAL LIQUIDITY SOURCES OF \$13.3 BILLION

~134% Liquidity Coverage Ratio of
Uninsured/Uncollateralized Deposits of \$9.9 billion



CAPITAL POSITION

STRONG CAPITAL POSITION

At June 30, 2026

CAPITAL RATIO	REGULATORY WELL CAPITALIZED MINIMUMS	REPORTED		PRO FORMA INCLUDING AOCI & HTM UNREALIZED LOSSES	
		ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES	ATLANTIC UNION BANK	ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES	ATLANTIC UNION BANK
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (CET1)	6.5%	10.4%	13.0%	9.4%	12.0%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	8.0%	10.9%	13.0%	10.0%	12.0%
Total Risk Based Capital Ratio	10.0%	14.1%	14.0%	13.2%	13.0%
Leverage Ratio	5.0%	9.6%	11.4%	8.8%	10.6%
Tangible Equity to Tangible Assets (non-GAAP) ¹	-	8.6%	10.4%	8.6%	10.3%
Tangible Common Equity Ratio (non-GAAP) ¹	-	8.2%	10.4%	8.1%	10.3%
		As of 6/30/2026	As of 3/31/2026	% Change	
Tangible Book Value per share (non-GAAP) ¹	-	\$20.77	\$19.93	4.2%	

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

ATLANTIC UNION CAPITAL MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES ARE TO:

- Maintain designation as a “well capitalized” institution.
- Ensure capital levels are commensurate with the Company’s risk profile, capital stress test projections, and strategic plan objectives.

THE COMPANY’S CAPITAL RATIOS ARE WELL ABOVE REGULATORY WELL CAPITALIZED LEVELS

- On a pro forma standalone basis, the Company and the Bank would be well capitalized if unrealized losses on securities were realized at June 30, 2026.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

During the second quarter of 2026, the Company:

- Paid a common stock dividend of 37 cents per share, which was the same as the first quarter of 2026, and an increase of 8.8% from the second quarter of 2025 dividend amount.
- Paid dividends of \$171.88 per outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock
- Repurchased \$10.0 million of common stock at an average price of \$37.76



¹ - Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure
^{*} Capital information presented herein is based on estimates and subject to change pending the Company’s filing of its regulatory reports

CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL RATIOS

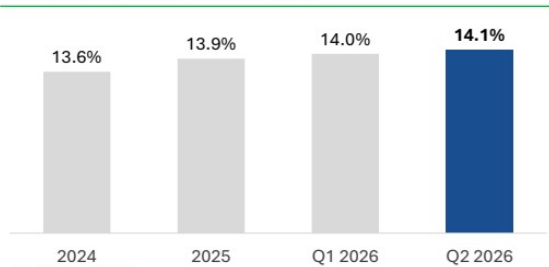
CET1 RATIO (%)



TIER 1 RATIO (%)



TOTAL CAPITAL RATIO (%)



TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY / TANGIBLE ASSETS (%)¹



1. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

APPENDIX

PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED CAPITAL

(\$ in millions)	As Reported AUB 6/30/2026	\$200M Sub Debt Issuance ¹	Redemption of Existing Sub Debt ²	Pro Forma AUB 6/30/2026
Regulatory Capital Components				
Common Equity Tier 1	\$3,271			\$3,271
Additional Tier 1 Capital	166			166
Tier 1 Capital	\$3,438			\$3,438
Qualifying loan loss reserve	\$305			\$305
Plus: Qualifying Subordinated Debt	537	200	(101)	636
Plus: Additional TRUP	167			167
Total Tier 2	\$1,008			\$1,107
Total Risk Based Capital	\$4,446	200	(101)	\$4,545
Assets for Regulatory Ratios				
Risk Adjusted Assets	\$31,421			\$31,421
Average assets for leverage ratio	35,721	198	(168)	35,750
ICE / TA Components				
Tangible Common Equity ³	\$2,947			\$2,947
Actual Assets	38,100	198	(168)	38,129
Tangible Assets ³	36,060	198	(168)	36,090
Capital Ratios				
Tangible Common Equity / Tangible Assets	8.2%			8.2%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio	9.6%			9.6%
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	10.4%			10.4%
Tier 1 Risk-Based Ratio	10.9%			10.9%
Total Risk-Based Ratio	14.1%			14.5%

Note: Assumes 0% risk weighting on net subordinated debt proceeds

1. For illustrative purposes only, assumes a \$200 million subordinated debt raise, net of customary offering and underwriting expenses, for net proceeds of \$197.5 million. Qualifying subordinated debt is included in Tier 2 capital at its gross outstanding principal (par) amount of \$200 million

2. Reflects the redemption at par of existing subordinated notes of \$168 million, which represents \$101 million net capital impact to qualifying subordinated debt (50% Tier 2 phase out due to maturity schedule)

3. Non-GAAP financial measure. Please refer to the appendix for a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

KROLL BOND RATING AGENCY AND OUTSTANDING DEBT & PREFERRED SUMMARY

As of October 24, 2025	KBRA
Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation	
Senior Unsecured Debt	BBB+
Subordinated Debt	BBB
Preferred Stock	BBB-
Short-Term Debt	K2
Outlook	Stable

As of October 24, 2025	KBRA
Atlantic Union Bank	
Deposit	A-
Senior Unsecured Debt	A-
Subordinated Debt	BBB+
Short-Term Debt	K2
Outlook	Stable

\$168M of 2029 Sub Notes receiving 60% Tier 2 capital treatment given remaining time to maturity



Rating disclaimer: An explanation of the significance of ratings may be obtained from the rating agency. Generally, rating agencies base their ratings on such material and information, and such of their own investigations, studies and assumptions, as they deem appropriate. Ratings should be evaluated independently from similar ratings of other securities. A credit rating of a security is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to review, revision, suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. No report of any rating agency is incorporated by reference herein.

1. Coupon rate subject to change; Data per AUB 2025Y 10-K.

2. Three-Month Chicago Mercantile Exchange Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") + 0.262%

3. Three-Month Chicago Mercantile Exchange SOFR

Debt and Hybrid Securities Profile								
Issue	Entity	Rank	Maturity	Call	Amount (\$000)	Front-End Coupon	Back-End Coupon	Current Coupon ¹
Subordinated Debt								
2031 Sub Notes (10NCs)	HoldCo	Subordinated	12/15/2031	12/15/2026	\$250,000	2.875%	3M SOFR + 186 bps	2.875%
2032 Sub Notes (10NCs)	HoldCo	Subordinated	3/30/2032	3/30/2027	\$190,000	3.875%	3M SOFR + 196.5 bps	3.875%
2029 Sub Notes (10NCs)	HoldCo	Subordinated	11/15/2029	Callable	\$168,000	4.250%	3M SOFR + 262 bps ²	6.530%
Trust Preferred Capital Securities								
Statutory Trust I	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	6/17/2034	Callable	\$22,500	—	3M SOFR + 275 bps ²	6.660%
Statutory Trust II	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	6/15/2036	Callable	\$36,000	—	3M SOFR + 140 bps ²	5.310%
VFG Limited Liability Trust I	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	3/18/2034	Callable	\$20,000	—	3M SOFR + 273 bps ²	6.640%
FNB Statutory Trust II	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	6/26/2033	Callable	\$12,000	—	3M SOFR + 310 bps ²	7.010%
Gateway Capital Statutory Trust I	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	9/17/2033	Callable	\$8,000	—	3M SOFR + 310 bps ²	7.010%
Gateway Capital Statutory Trust II	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	6/17/2034	Callable	\$7,000	—	3M SOFR + 265 bps ²	6.560%
Gateway Capital Statutory Trust III	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	5/30/2036	Callable	\$15,000	—	3M SOFR + 150 bps ²	5.410%
Gateway Capital Statutory Trust IV	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	7/30/2037	Callable	\$25,000	—	3M SOFR + 155 bps ²	5.460%
MFC Capital Trust II	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	1/23/2034	Callable	\$5,000	—	3M SOFR + 285 bps ²	6.760%
AMNB Statutory Trust I	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	6/30/2036	Callable	\$20,000	—	3M SOFR + 135 bps ²	5.260%
MidCarolina Trust I	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	11/7/2032	Callable	\$5,000	—	3M SOFR + 345 bps ²	7.100%
MidCarolina Trust II	HoldCo	Jr. Subordinated	1/7/2034	Callable	\$3,500	—	3M SOFR + 295 bps ²	6.600%
Preferred Stock								
Series A Preferred (Perpetual NC)	HoldCo	Preferred Stock	Perpetual	Callable	\$172,500	6.875%	—	6.875%

DOUBLE LEVERAGE AND INTEREST COVERAGE

(\$ in millions)	Fiscal Year Ended,				Three Months Ended 6/30/2026,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025	Standalone	Offering Adjustments	Pro Forma ¹
Double Leverage							
Bank-Level Equity	\$2,666	\$2,845	\$3,475	\$5,716	\$5,792	\$5	\$5,797
Consolidated Equity	2,373	2,556	3,143	5,006	5,153	0	5,153
Double Leverage Ratio	112%	111%	111%	114%	112%		112%
Interest Coverage							
Earnings:							
Income From Continuing Operations Before Taxes	\$280.0	\$239.9	\$259.8	\$337.0	\$204.5	(\$0.2)	\$204.3
(+) Total Debt Interest	20.0	46.7	45.1	51.0	15.3	0.4	15.7
Earnings (Before Corporate Debt Interest)	\$299.9	\$286.6	\$304.9	\$388.0	\$219.8		\$220.0
(+) Total Deposit Interest	56.2	296.7	483.9	615.5	146.4		\$146.4
Earnings (Before Corporate Debt Interest + Deposit Interest)	\$356.1	\$583.3	\$788.8	\$1,003.6	\$366.2		\$366.4
Interest:							
Total Debt Interest	\$20.0	\$46.7	\$45.1	\$51.0	\$15.3	\$0.4	\$15.7
Interest Expense Excluding Deposit Interest	\$20.0	\$46.7	\$45.1	\$51.0	\$15.3		\$15.7
Total Deposit Interest	56.2	296.7	483.9	615.5	146.4		146.4
Interest Expense Including Deposit Interest	\$76.2	\$343.4	\$529.0	\$666.6	\$161.7		\$162.1
Adjusted Interest Coverage (Ex. Deposit Interest Expense) - A / C	15.0x	6.1x	6.8x	7.6x	14.4x		14.0x
Adjusted Interest Coverage (Inc. Deposit Interest Expense) - B / D	4.7x	1.7x	1.5x	1.5x	2.3x		2.3x



Figures may not foot due to rounding

¹. For illustrative purposes only. Assumes a \$200 million subordinated debt raise with market standard fees and expenses. Assumes \$5 million of proceeds down streamed as equity to the bank. Remainder of proceeds held as cash at the holding company. Includes redemption at par of existing subordinated debt notes of \$168 million due 11/15/2029 and with a floating rate of 3M Term SOFR + 262 bps

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

The Company believes net interest income (FTE), interest income (FTE), investment income (FTE), total revenue (FTE), earning asset income (FTE), total adjusted revenue (FTE), which are used in computing net interest margin (FTE), core net interest margin (FTE), loan yield (FTE), investment yield (FTE), earning asset yield (FTE), efficiency ratio (FTE) and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into the net interest margin, loan yield, investment yield, earning asset yield, and the efficiency ratio by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing the yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components.

NET INTEREST MARGIN, LOAN YIELD, INVESTMENT YIELD AND EARNING ASSET YIELD

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the year ended		For the three months ended		
	2024	2025	Q2 '25	Q1 '26	Q2 '26
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$698,539	\$1,154,913	\$321,372	\$279,659	\$285,162
FTE adjustment	15,226	17,161	4,361	4,549	4,560
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$713,765	\$1,172,074	\$325,733	\$284,208	\$289,722
Noninterest income (GAAP)	118,878	219,436	81,522	54,783	90,248
Total revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$832,643	\$1,391,510	\$407,255	\$338,991	\$379,970
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$713,765	\$1,172,074	\$325,733	\$284,208	\$289,722
Purchase accounting adjustments	40,476	145,970	45,372	32,714	39,938
Core net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$754,241	\$1,318,044	\$371,105	\$316,922	\$329,660
Average earning assets	\$21,347,677	\$30,876,034	\$34,121,715	\$33,377,790	\$33,544,840
Net interest margin (GAAP)	3.27%	3.74%	3.78%	3.40%	3.41%
Net interest margin (FTE) (non-GAAP)	3.34%	3.80%	3.83%	3.45%	3.46%
Core net interest margin (FTE) (non-GAAP)	3.15%	3.32%	3.30%	3.06%	2.99%
Loan interest income (GAAP)	\$1,091,588	\$1,591,505	\$435,677	\$419,129	\$436,309
FTE adjustment	6,563	8,153	2,142	2,170	2,199
Loan interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	1,098,151	1,599,658	437,819	421,299	438,508
Average LHF1	\$17,647,589	\$25,116,692	\$27,094,551	\$27,830,037	\$28,243,611
Loan yield (GAAP)	6.19%	6.34%	6.45%	6.11%	6.20%
Loan yield (FTE) (non-GAAP)	6.22%	6.37%	6.48%	6.14%	6.23%
Investment interest income (GAAP)	\$123,780	\$179,433	\$46,616	\$49,961	\$47,856
FTE adjustment	8,663	9,008	2,220	2,380	2,362
Investment interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	132,443	188,441	48,836	52,341	50,218
Average securities	\$3,394,095	\$4,589,613	\$4,721,736	\$5,207,502	\$4,976,527
Investment yield (GAAP)	3.65%	3.91%	3.96%	3.89%	3.86%
Investment yield (FTE) (non-GAAP)	3.90%	4.11%	4.15%	4.08%	4.05%
Total earning assets interest income (GAAP)	\$1,227,535	\$1,821,487	\$510,372	\$471,735	\$486,828
FTE adjustment	15,226	17,161	4,362	4,550	4,561
Total earning assets interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	1,242,761	1,838,648	514,734	476,285	491,389
Average earning assets	\$21,347,677	\$30,876,034	\$34,121,715	\$33,377,790	\$33,544,840
Earning assets yield (GAAP)	5.75%	5.90%	6.00%	5.73%	5.82%
Earning assets yield (FTE) (non-GAAP)	5.82%	5.95%	6.05%	5.79%	5.88%

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, merger-related costs, FDIC special assessment, deferred tax asset write-down, CECL Day 1 non-PCD loans and RUC provision expense, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain (loss) on CRE loan sale, gain on sale of equity interest in Cary Street Partners ("CSP"), and gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations. The Company believes net interest income (FTE), total revenue (FTE), and total adjusted revenue (FTE), which are used in computing net interest margin (FTE), efficiency ratio (FTE) and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into the net interest margin and the efficiency ratio by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing the yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components. The adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) excludes, as applicable, the amortization of intangible assets, merger-related costs, FDIC special assessment, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain (loss) on CRE loan sale, gain on sale of equity interest in CSP, and gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance. This measure is similar to the measure used by the Company when analyzing corporate performance and is also similar to the measure used for incentive compensation. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS AND EFFICIENCY RATIO

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the year ended		For the three months ended			
	2024	2023	Q2 '25	Q2 '25	Q1 '25	Q1 '24
Operating Measures						
Net income (GAAP)	\$209,131	\$273,715	\$19,791	\$92,140	\$111,966	\$122,165
Plus: Merger-related costs, net of tax	33,476	124,090	63,349	26,856	29,742	6,956
Plus: FDIC special assessment, net of tax	664	-	-	-	-	-
Plus: Deferred tax asset write-down	4,774	-	-	-	-	-
Plus: CECL Day 1 non-PCD & RUC provision, net of tax	11,520	77,742	-	-	-	-
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities, net of tax	(5,129)	(82)	12	3	2	3
Less: Gain (loss) on CRE loan sale, net of tax	-	8,405	-	-	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in CSP, net of tax	-	10,994	-	-	340	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Ins., net of tax	-	-	-	-	-	24,023
Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$254,694	\$456,710	\$158,112	\$122,895	\$141,366	\$129,119
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	11,888	11,888	2,962	2,962	2,962	2,962
Adjusted operating earnings avail. to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$252,826	\$444,842	\$135,145	\$119,726	\$138,399	\$126,152
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	87,909,237	129,161,421	141,738,325	141,886,217	142,118,797	142,280,978
Adjusted operating EPS available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$2.88	\$3.44	\$0.96	\$0.84	\$0.97	\$0.89
Operating Efficiency Ratio						
Noninterest expense (GAAP)	\$507,534	\$895,670	\$279,698	\$238,446	\$243,243	\$209,810
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	19,307	59,468	16,433	16,145	17,692	15,446
Less: Merger-related costs	40,018	157,278	78,900	34,812	38,626	9,034
Less: FDIC special assessment	849	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP)	\$447,359	\$678,924	\$182,365	\$165,489	\$166,925	\$135,330
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$116,878	\$219,436	\$61,522	\$51,751	\$57,000	\$54,783
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities	(6,493)	(81)	16	4	2	2
Less: Gain (loss) on CRE loan sale	-	10,915	15,720	(4,805)	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in CSP	-	14,757	14,300	-	487	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	32,350
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	\$125,371	\$193,845	\$51,486	\$56,552	\$56,541	\$54,781
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$698,539	\$1,154,813	\$321,371	\$319,219	\$330,168	\$325,118
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$116,878	\$219,436	\$61,522	\$51,751	\$57,000	\$54,783
Total revenue (GAAP)	\$815,417	\$1,374,249	\$382,893	\$370,970	\$387,168	\$379,901
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$713,766	\$1,172,074	\$325,733	\$323,639	\$334,389	\$316,923
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	125,371	193,845	51,486	56,552	56,541	54,781
Total adjusted revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$839,136	\$1,365,919	\$377,219	\$380,191	\$390,930	\$371,704
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	62.1%	65.2%	69.4%	62.8%	62.8%	57.1%
Efficiency ratio FTE (non-GAAP)	61.0%	64.4%	68.7%	62.1%	62.1%	56.4%
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) (non-GAAP)	53.3%	49.7%	48.3%	49.8%	47.8%	47.5%

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company believes that ROTCE is a meaningful supplement to GAAP financial measures and is useful to investors because it measures the performance of a business consistently across time without regard to whether components of the business were acquired or developed internally. Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, merger-related costs, FDIC special assessment, deferred tax asset write-down, CECL Day 1 non-PCD loans and RUC provision expense, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain (loss) on CRE loan sale, gain on sale of equity interest in CSP, gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance and amortization of intangible assets. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

OPERATING MEASURES — RETURN ON ASSETS, EQUITY AND TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the year ended		For the three months ended	
	2024	2025	Q1 '26	Q2 '26
Return on average assets (ROA)				
Average assets (GAAP)	\$23,862,190	\$34,380,986	\$37,254,857	\$37,433,973
ROA (GAAP)	0.88%	0.80%	1.33%	1.73%
Adjusted operating ROA (non-GAAP)	1.11%	1.33%	1.41%	1.47%
Return on average equity (ROE)				
Adjusted operating earnings avail. to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$252,826	\$444,842	\$126,152	\$134,020
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	15,253	47,138	12,202	11,957
Adjusted operating earnings avail. to common before amort. of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$268,079	\$491,980	\$138,354	\$145,977
Average equity (GAAP)	\$2,971,111	\$4,446,839	\$5,068,069	\$5,125,495
Less: Average goodwill	1,139,422	1,592,391	1,733,527	1,754,875
Less: Average amortizable intangibles	73,984	277,977	307,636	292,322
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock	166,356	166,356	166,356	166,356
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$1,591,349	\$2,410,115	\$2,860,550	\$2,911,942
ROE (GAAP)	7.04%	6.16%	9.78%	12.60%
Return on tangible common equity (ROTCE)				
Net income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$197,263	\$261,847	\$119,198	\$158,046
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	15,253	47,138	12,202	11,957
Net income avail. to common before amort. of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$212,516	\$308,985	\$131,400	\$170,003
ROTCE (non-GAAP)	13.35%	12.82%	18.63%	23.42%
Adjusted operating ROTCE (non-GAAP)	16.85%	20.41%	19.62%	20.11%

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company also calculates adjusted tangible common equity to tangible assets ratios to exclude AOCI, which is principally comprised of unrealized losses on AFS securities, and to exclude the impact of unrealized losses on HTM securities. The Company believes that each of these ratios enables investors to assess the Company's capital levels and capital adequacy without the effects of changes in AOCI, some of which are uncertain and difficult to predict, or assuming that the Company realized all previously unrealized losses on HTM securities at the end of the period, as applicable.

TANGIBLE ASSETS, TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY, AND LEVERAGE RATIO — ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES (CONSOLIDATED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the year ended		For the three months ended	
	2024	2025	Q1 '26	Q2 '26
Tangible Assets				
Ending Assets (GAAP)	\$24,585,323	\$37,585,754	\$37,315,011	\$38,099,868
Less: Ending goodwill	1,214,053	1,733,287	1,754,875	1,754,875
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles	84,563	315,544	300,099	284,962
Ending tangible assets (non-GAAP)	\$23,286,707	\$35,536,923	\$35,260,037	\$36,060,031
Tangible Common Equity				
Ending equity (GAAP)	\$3,142,879	\$5,006,398	\$5,052,316	\$5,153,414
Less: Ending goodwill	1,214,053	1,733,287	1,754,875	1,754,875
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles	84,563	315,544	300,099	284,962
Less: Perpetual preferred stock	166,357	166,357	166,357	166,357
Ending tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$1,677,906	\$2,791,210	\$2,830,985	\$2,947,220
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax	(\$44,516)	(\$27,404)	(\$35,456)	(\$29,142)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)	(359,686)	(256,087)	(278,488)	(276,793)
Common shares outstanding at end of period	89,770,231	141,776,886	142,060,496	141,924,165
Average equity (GAAP)	\$2,971,111	\$4,950,858	\$5,068,069	\$5,125,495
Less: Average goodwill	1,139,422	1,726,933	1,733,527	1,754,875
Less: Average amortizable intangibles	73,984	324,099	307,636	292,322
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock	166,356	166,356	166,356	166,356
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$1,591,349	\$2,733,470	\$2,860,550	\$2,911,942
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$33.40	\$34.14	\$34.39	\$35.14
Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP)	\$18.83	\$19.69	\$19.93	\$20.77
Tangible book value per common share, ex AOCI (non-GAAP)	\$22.87	\$21.49	\$21.89	\$22.72

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company also calculates adjusted tangible common equity to tangible assets ratios to exclude AOCI, which is principally comprised of unrealized losses on AFS securities, and to exclude the impact of unrealized losses on HTM securities. The Company believes that each of these ratios enables investors to assess the Company's capital levels and capital adequacy without the effects of changes in AOCI, some of which are uncertain and difficult to predict, or assuming that the Company realized all previously unrealized losses on HTM securities at the end of the period, as applicable.

TANGIBLE ASSETS, TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts										
	2024		2025		Q1' 26		Q2' 26			
	Atlantic Union Bankshares		Atlantic Union Bankshares		Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank	Atlantic Union Bankshares		Atlantic Union Bank	
Tangible Assets										
Ending Assets (GAAP)	\$	24,585,323	\$	37,585,754	\$	37,315,011	\$	37,224,225	\$	38,099,868
Less: Ending goodwill		1,214,053		1,733,287		1,754,875		1,754,875		1,754,875
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles		84,563		315,544		300,099		300,099		284,962
Ending tangible assets (non-GAAP)	\$	23,286,707	\$	35,536,923	\$	35,260,037	\$	35,169,251	\$	36,060,031
										\$
Tangible Common Equity										
Ending equity (GAAP)	\$	3,142,879	\$	5,006,398	\$	5,052,316	\$	5,759,867	\$	5,153,414
Less: Ending goodwill		1,214,053		1,733,287		1,754,875		1,754,875		1,754,875
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles		84,563		315,544		300,099		300,099		284,962
Less: Perpetual preferred stock		166,357		166,357		166,357		—		166,357
Ending tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$	1,677,906	\$	2,791,210	\$	2,830,985	\$	3,704,893	\$	2,947,220
										\$
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax		(44,516)		(27,404)		(35,456)		(35,456)		(29,142)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)		(359,086)		(256,087)		(278,488)		(278,514)		(276,793)
Common shares outstanding at end of period		89,770,231		141,776,886		142,060,496				141,924,165
Average equity (GAAP)	\$	2,971,111	\$	4,950,858	\$	5,068,069	\$	5,759,823	\$	5,125,495
Less: Average goodwill		1,139,422		1,726,933		1,733,527		1,733,527		1,754,875
Less: Average amortizable intangibles		73,964		324,099		307,636		307,636		292,322
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock		166,356		166,356		166,356		—		166,356
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$	1,591,349	\$	2,733,470	\$	2,860,550	\$	3,718,660	\$	2,911,942
										\$
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$	33.40	\$	34.14	\$	34.39				35.14
Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP)		18.83		19.69		19.93				20.77
Tangible book value per common share, ex AOCI (non-GAAP)		22.87		21.49		21.89				22.72

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company also calculates adjusted tangible common equity to tangible assets ratios to exclude AOCI, which is principally comprised of unrealized losses on AFS securities, and to exclude the impact of unrealized losses on HTM securities. The Company believes that each of these ratios enables investors to assess the Company's capital levels and capital adequacy without the effects of changes in AOCI, some of which are uncertain and difficult to predict, or assuming that the Company realized all previously unrealized losses on HTM securities at the end of the period, as applicable.

TANGIBLE ASSETS, TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY, AND LEVERAGE RATIO

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	2024	2025	Q1 '26	Q2 '26	
	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Common equity to total assets (GAAP)	12.1%	12.9%	13.1%	13.1%	15.2%
Tangible equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)	7.9%	8.3%	8.5%	8.6%	10.4%
Tangible equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	7.7%	8.2%	8.4%	8.6%	10.3%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)	7.2%	7.9%	8.0%	8.2%	10.4%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	7.0%	7.8%	7.9%	8.1%	10.3%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, ex AOCI (non-GAAP)	8.8%	8.6%	8.8%	8.9%	
Leverage Ratio					
Tier 1 capital	\$ 2,229,519	\$ 3,240,423	\$ 3,298,944	\$ 3,437,731	\$ 4,079,069
Total average assets for leverage ratio	\$ 23,995,276	\$ 35,602,493	\$ 35,442,183	\$ 35,720,812	\$ 35,638,388
Leverage ratio	9.3%	9.1%	9.3%	9.6%	11.4%
Leverage ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	7.6%	8.3%	8.4%	8.8%	10.6%

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

Adjusted operating pre-tax pre-provision earnings (FTE) excludes, as applicable, the provision for credit losses, which can fluctuate significantly from period-to-period under the CECL methodology, income tax expense, merger-related costs, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on CRE loan sale, gain on sale of equity interest in CSP, and gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

ADJUSTED OPERATING PRE-TAX PRE-PROVISION EARNINGS (FTE)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the year ended		For the three months ended	
	2024	2025	Q1 '26	Q2 '26
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$698,539	\$1,154,913	\$312,373	\$325,118
FTE adjustment	15,226	17,161	4,550	4,561
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	713,765	1,172,074	316,923	329,679
Noninterest income (GAAP)	118,878	219,436	54,783	90,248
Total revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	832,643	1,391,510	371,706	419,927
Less: Noninterest expense (GAAP)	507,534	895,570	209,810	199,136
Pre-tax pre-provision earnings (FTE) (non-GAAP)	325,109	495,940	161,896	220,791
Plus: Merger-related costs	40,018	157,278	9,034	-
Plus: FDIC special assessment	840	-	-	-
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities	(6,493)	(81)	2	4
Less: Gain on CRE loan sale	-	10,915	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in CSP	-	14,757	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of equity interest in Bearing Insurance	-	-	-	32,350
Adjusted operating pre-tax pre-provision earnings (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$372,460	\$627,627	\$170,928	\$188,437

RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP DISCLOSURES

The Company believes interest income (FTE) and loan interest income (FTE), which are used in computing loan yield (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into loan yield by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing the yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components.

LOAN INTEREST INCOME AND LOAN YIELD, FULLY TAXABLE EQUIVALENT (FTE)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts and ratios)

	For the three months ended									
	Q1 '24	Q2 '24	Q3 '24	Q4 '24	Q1 '25	Q2 '25	Q3 '25	Q4 '25	Q1 '26	Q2 '26
Loan interest income (GAAP)	\$234,278	\$284,747	\$290,731	\$281,830	\$271,316	\$435,677	\$441,456	\$443,055	\$419,129	\$436,309
Add: FTE adjustment	1,554	1,644	1,738	1,629	1,588	2,142	2,183	2,341	2,170	2,199
Loan interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	235,832	286,391	292,469	283,459	272,904	437,819	443,639	445,396	421,299	438,508
Average loans held for investment (LHI)	15,732,599	18,154,673	18,320,122	18,367,657	18,428,710	27,094,551	27,386,338	27,433,274	27,830,037	28,243,611
Loan yield (GAAP)	5.99%	6.31%	6.31%	6.10%	5.97%	6.45%	6.40%	6.41%	6.11%	6.20%
Loan yield (FTE) (non-GAAP)	6.03%	6.34%	6.35%	6.14%	6.01%	6.48%	6.43%	6.44%	6.14%	6.23%