

United States
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 30, 2023

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-39325
(Commission
File Number)

54-1598552
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

4300 Cox Road
Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

(Address of principal executive offices, including Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(804) 633-5031**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1.33 per share	AUB	New York Stock Exchange
Depository Shares, Each Representing a 1/400th Interest in a Share of 6.875% Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series A	AUB.PRA	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Attached as Exhibit 99.1 is a handout containing information that certain members of Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (the “Company”) management will use during meetings with investors, analysts, and other interested parties to assist their understanding of the Company from time to time during the fourth quarter of 2023. Other presentations and related materials will be made available as they are presented. This handout is also available under the Presentations link in the Investor Relations section of the Company’s website at <http://investors.atlanticunionbank.com>. Exhibit 99.1 is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01.

The information disclosed in or incorporated by reference into this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1, is furnished and shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) *Exhibits.*

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation investor presentation.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – the cover page iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC UNION BANKSHARES CORPORATION

Date: October 30, 2023

By: /s/ Robert M. Gorman
Robert M. Gorman
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer



Investor Presentation

NYSE: AUB

November – December 2023



Forward Looking Statements

This presentation and statements by our management may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are statements that include, without limitation, statements on slides entitled “Q3 2023 Highlights and 2023 Outlook” and “Financial Outlook,” statements regarding our strategic priorities and liquidity and capital management strategies, expectations with regard to our business, financial, and operating results, including our deposit base and funding, the impact of future economic conditions, and statements that include other projections, predictions, expectations, or beliefs about future events or results, including our ability to meet our top tier financial targets, or otherwise are not statements of historical fact. Such forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions as of the time they are made, and are inherently subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified, that may cause actual results, performance, achievements, or trends to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such statements are often characterized by the use of qualified words (and their derivatives) such as “expect,” “believe,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “will,” “may,” “view,” “opportunity,” “potential,” “continue,” “confidence,” or words of similar meaning or other statements concerning opinions or judgment of the Company and our management about future events. Although we believe that our expectations with respect to forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our existing knowledge of our business and operations, there can be no assurance that actual future results, performance, or achievements of, or trends affecting, us will not differ materially from any projected future results, performance, achievements or trends expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Actual future results, performance, achievements or trends may differ materially from historical results or those anticipated depending on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to the effects of or changes in:

- market interest rates and their related impacts on macroeconomic conditions, customer and client behavior, our funding costs and our loan and securities portfolios;
- inflation and its impacts on economic growth and customer and client behavior;
- adverse developments in the financial industry, such as bank failures, responsive measures to mitigate and manage such developments, related supervisory and regulatory actions and costs, and related impacts on customer behavior;
- the sufficiency of liquidity;
- general economic and financial market conditions, in the United States generally and particularly in the markets in which we operate and which our loans are concentrated, including the effects of declines in real estate values, an increase in unemployment levels and slowdowns in economic growth;
- our failure to close on our proposed merger with American National Bankshares Inc. (“American National”) when expected or at all because required regulatory, American National shareholder or other approvals or conditions are not received or satisfied on a timely basis or at all, and the risk that any regulatory approvals may result in the imposition of conditions that could adversely affect the combined company or the expected benefits of the merger;
- the occurrence of any event, change or circumstance that could give rise to the termination of the merger agreement;
- the risks that the anticipated benefits of the proposed merger, including cost savings and strategic gains, are not realized when expected or at all;
- the proposed merger may be more expensive or take longer to complete than anticipated, and may divert management’s attention from ongoing business and opportunities;
- government monetary and fiscal policies, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve;
- the quality or composition of our loan or investment portfolios and changes therein;
- demand for loan products and financial services in our market areas;
- our ability to manage our growth or implement our growth strategy;
- the effectiveness of expense reduction plans;
- the introduction of new lines of business or new products and services;
- our ability to recruit and retain key employees;
- real estate values in our lending area;
- changes in accounting principles, standards, rules, and interpretations, and the related impact on our financial statements;
- an insufficient ACL or volatility in the ACL resulting from the CECL methodology, either alone or as that may be affected by inflation, changing interest rates, or other factors;
- our liquidity and capital positions;
- concentrations of loans secured by real estate, particularly commercial real estate;
- the effectiveness of our credit processes and management of our credit risk;
- our ability to compete in the market for financial services and increased competition from fintech companies;
- technological risks and developments, and cyber threats, attacks, or events;
- operational, technological, cultural, regulatory, legal, credit, and other risks associated with the exploration, consummation and integration of potential future acquisitions, whether involving stock or cash considerations;
- the potential adverse effects of unusual and infrequently occurring events, such as weather-related disasters, terrorist acts, geopolitical conflicts or public health events, and of governmental and societal responses thereto; these potential adverse effects may include, without limitation, adverse effects on the ability of our borrowers to satisfy their obligations to us, on the value of collateral securing loans, on the demand for our loans or our other products and services, on supply chains and methods used to distribute products and services, on incidents of cyberattack and fraud, on our liquidity or capital positions, on risks posed by reliance on third-party service providers, on other aspects of our business operations and on financial markets and economic growth;
- the discontinuation of LIBOR and its impact on the financial markets, and our ability to manage operational, legal, and compliance risks related to the discontinuation of LIBOR and implementation of one or more alternate reference rates;
- performance by our counterparties or vendors;
- deposit flows;
- the availability of financing and the terms thereof;
- the level of prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities;
- legislative or regulatory changes and requirements;
- actual or potential claims, damages, and fines related to litigation or government actions, which may result in, among other things, additional costs, fines, penalties, restrictions on our business activities, reputational harm, or other adverse consequences;
- the effects of changes in federal, state or local tax laws and regulations;
- any event or development that would cause us to conclude that there was an impairment of any asset, including intangible assets, such as goodwill; and
- other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

Please also refer to such other factors as discussed throughout Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” and Part II, Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2023, and related disclosures in other filings, which have been filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and are available on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. All risk factors and uncertainties described herein and therein should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements, and all of the forward-looking statements are expressly qualified by the cautionary statements contained or referred to herein and therein. The actual results or developments anticipated may not be realized or, even if substantially realized, they may not have the expected consequences to or effects on the Company or our businesses or operations. Readers are cautioned not to rely too heavily on the forward-looking statements, and undue reliance should not be placed on such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not intend or assume any obligation to update, revise or clarify any forward-looking statements that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Company, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Additional Information

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains certain financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). These non-GAAP financial measures are a supplement to GAAP, which is used to prepare the Company's financial statements, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the Company's non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures of other companies. The Company uses the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in its analysis of the Company's performance. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods, show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in the Company's underlying performance, or show the potential effects of accumulated other comprehensive income (or AOCI) or unrealized losses on securities on the Company's capital.

Please see "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures" at the end of this presentation for a reconciliation to the nearest GAAP financial measure.

No Offer or Solicitation

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. No offer of securities shall be made except by means of a prospectus meeting the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and no offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy shall be made in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

About Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation

Headquartered in Richmond, Virginia, Atlantic Union Bankshares Corporation (NYSE: AUB) is the holding company for Atlantic Union Bank. Atlantic Union Bank has 109 branches and 123 ATMs located throughout Virginia, and in portions of Maryland and North Carolina. Certain non-bank financial services affiliates of Atlantic Union Bank include: Atlantic Union Equipment Finance, Inc., which provides equipment financing; Atlantic Union Financial Consultants, LLC, which provides brokerage services; and Union Insurance Group, LLC, which offers various lines of insurance products.

Our Company

Soundness | Profitability | Growth

Highlights (\$bn)

\$20.7
Assets

\$15.3
Loans

\$16.8
Deposits

\$2.2
Market Capitalization

- **Statewide Virginia footprint** of 104 branches in all major markets
- **#1** regional bank¹ deposit market share in Virginia
- **Strong balance sheet** and capital levels
- Committed to **top-tier financial performance** with a highly experienced management team able to execute change



Largest Regional Banking Company Headquartered in Virginia

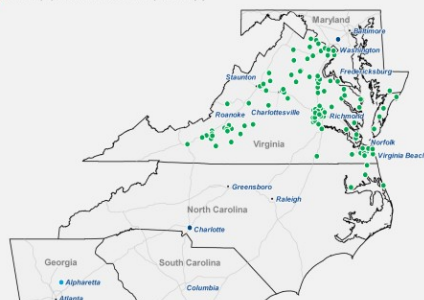


Data as of 9/30/2023, market capitalization as of 10/18/2023

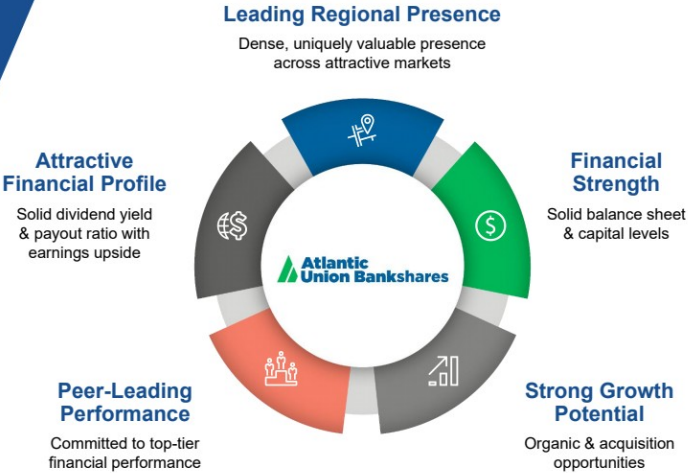
¹) Regional bank defined as having less than \$100 billion in assets; rank determined by asset size; data per S&P Global Market Intelligence

Branch/Office Footprint

- AUB (109)
- AUB LPO (2)
- AUB Equipment Finance Headquarters (1)



Our Shareholder Value Proposition



Strong Presence in Prime Virginia Markets

Richmond

State Capital, Fortune 500 headquarters (8), VCU & VCU Medical Center

- \$5.3 billion in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 15.7%

#1 Market Share ⁽¹⁾

Coastal Virginia

Military, Shipbuilding, Fortune 500 headquarters (2), Tourism

- \$1.3 billion in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 4.0%

#2 Market Share ⁽¹⁾

Fredericksburg

Defense and security contractors, Healthcare, Retail, Real Estate development

- \$1.6 billion in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 26.5%

#1 Market Share ⁽¹⁾

Roanoke Blacksburg

Virginia Tech, Healthcare, Retail

- \$1.4 billion in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 10.6%

#1 Market Share ⁽¹⁾

Charlottesville

University of Virginia, High-tech and professional businesses, Real Estate development

- \$698 million in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 11.0%

#1 Market Share ⁽¹⁾

Northern Virginia

Nation's Capital, Fortune 500 headquarters (14), Defense and security contractors, Non-profit Associations (lobbyists), HQ2

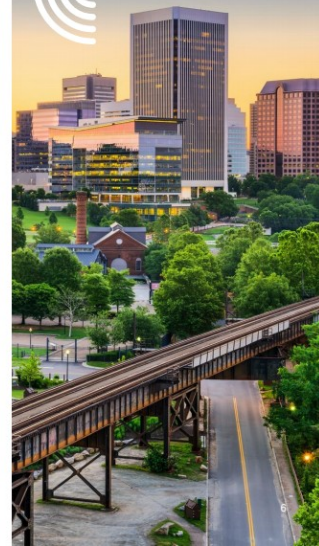
- \$4.6 billion in-market deposits and total deposit market share of 3.0%

#2 Market Share ⁽¹⁾



(1) Among mid-sized and community banks less than \$100 billion in assets
Source: SNL Financial, FDIC deposit data; excludes branches greater than \$5 billion
Deposit data as of 6/30/2023; Fredericksburg market defined as Caroline, Fredericksburg City, King George, Spotsylvania and Stafford counties; all other markets per MSA definitions in SNL

Diversity Supports Growth
In Virginia



Virginia's Bank and Sizeable Opportunity to Take Market Share from the Big Three

Virginia: All Banks

Rank	Institution	Deposits (\$mm)	Market Share (%)	Branches
1	Truist Financial Corp	\$51,051	22.0%	265
2	Wells Fargo & Co	39,591	17.0	198
3	Bank of America Corp.	25,571	11.0	102
4	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corp	17,935	7.7	122
5	TowneBank	10,499	4.5	38
6	United Bankshares Inc.	8,643	3.7	84
7	Capital One Financial Corp.	5,704	2.5	25
8	PNC Financial Services Group Inc.	5,436	2.3	57
9	Burke & Herbert	3,786	1.6	37
10	Carter Bank & Trust	3,172	1.4	53
Top 10 Banks		\$171,388	73.7%	981
All Institutions in Market		\$232,406	100.0%	1,844

Growth
Opportunity

Virginia: Banks Headquartered in VA

Rank	Institution	Deposits (\$mm)	Market Share (%)	Branches
1	Atlantic Union Bankshares Corp.	\$17,935	22.0%	122
2	TowneBank	10,499	12.9	38
3	Capital One Financial Corp.	5,704	7.0	25
4	Burke & Herbert	3,786	4.6	37
5	Carter Bank & Trust	3,172	3.9	53
6	Primis Financial Corp	3,139	3.9	33
7	Blue Ridge Bankshares Inc.	2,592	3.2	26
8	First Bancorp Inc.	2,369	2.9	19
9	C&F Financial Corp	2,013	2.5	31
10	FVCBankcorp Inc.	1,962	2.4	5
Top 10 Banks		\$53,171	65.3%	389
All Institutions in Market		\$81,523	100.0%	810

Franchise
Strength

Statewide Branch Footprint Brings Unique Franchise Value and Significant Growth Opportunity



Source: SNL Financial and FDIC deposit data
Deposit and branch data as of 6/30/23, pro forma for announced transactions, including our proposed merger with American National
Note: Excludes branches with deposits greater than \$5.0 billion

Virginia Is Among the Most Attractive Markets in USA

Household Income (\$)

#	State	HHI (\$)	#	State	HHI (\$)
1	District of Columbia	104,110	9	New Hampshire	87,848
2	Massachusetts	96,201	10	Utah	87,338
3	Maryland	96,089	11	Virginia	87,219
4	New Jersey	95,596	12	Connecticut	86,812
5	Hawaii	90,739	13	Minnesota	84,786
6	Washington	89,976	14	Alaska	84,564
7	California	89,624	15	New York	80,716
8	Colorado	88,050			

GDP (\$bn)

#	State	GDP (\$bn)	#	State	GDP (\$bn)
1	California	3,598	9	New Jersey	745
2	Texas	2,356	10	North Carolina	730
3	New York	2,053	11	Washington	726
4	Florida	1,389	12	Massachusetts	688
5	Illinois	1,033	13	Virginia	649
6	Pennsylvania	923	14	Michigan	621
7	Ohio	823	15	Colorado	484
8	Georgia	756			

2023 Population (mm)

#	State	Pop. (mm)	#	State	Pop. (mm)
1	California	39.5	9	North Carolina	10.7
2	Texas	30.1	10	Michigan	10.1
3	Florida	22.1	11	New Jersey	9.3
4	New York	19.9	12	Virginia	8.7
5	Pennsylvania	13.0	13	Washington	7.9
6	Illinois	12.6	14	Arizona	7.4
7	Ohio	11.8	15	Tennessee	7.0
8	Georgia	10.9			

Fortune 500 Companies

#	State	# Companies	#	State	# Companies
1	Texas	55	8	Georgia	19
2	New York	50	9	Michigan	18
3	California	53	10	Massachusetts	17
4	Illinois	33	12	Minnesota	15
5	Virginia	24	13	New Jersey	14
6	Ohio	24	14	Connecticut	14
7	Florida	23	15	North Carolina	13
7	Pennsylvania	23			



Source: SNL Financial; Bureau of Economic Analysis; Bureau of Labor Statistics, Fortune.com, U.S. News & World Report; Forbes, CNBC, U.S. Small Business Administration, USA Today; Business Facilities; most recent data available



ranked Virginia the **Best State for Business** for 2020 and 2021 and 2nd best in 2023

Forbes

ranked Virginia the **4th Best State for Business**

- 3rd in Labor Supply
- 3rd in Regulatory Environment
- 1st in Quality of Life



ranked Virginia **13th for Best States**

- 9th for Economic opportunity
- 13th for Equality
- 11th for Education
- Virginia is home to 723,962 Small Businesses – 99.5% of Virginia businesses



Virginia rated 1st in **Best Business Climate, Tech Talent Pipeline, Cybersecurity**

Q3 2023 Highlights and 2023 Outlook

Loan and Deposit Growth

- Customer deposit growth more than funded loan growth in Q3 2023
- 5.7% annualized loan growth in Q3 2023
- 9.1% annualized deposit growth in Q3 2023
- Line of Credit Utilization relatively flat with Q2 2023

Differentiated Client Experience

- Position Company as responsive, strong and capable alternative to large national banks, while competing against smaller banks

Operating Leverage Focus

- ~5.2% adjusted revenue growth¹ year over year
- ~2.1% adjusted operating noninterest expense increase¹ year over year
- Adjusted operating leverage¹ of ~3.1% year over year
- Pre-Tax, Pre-Provision adjusted operating earnings¹ increased 10.6% year over year
- Took strategic actions to reduce expenses in Q2

Asset Quality

- Q3 2023 net charge-offs at 1 bps annualized and expect net charge-offs of <10 bps for 2023

Positioning for Long Term

- Restructured more than \$200 million of securities portfolio in Q3 2023 for continued high rate environment in a capital neutral transaction
- Lending pipelines remain resilient
- Resilient, growing deposit base
- Drive organic growth and performance of the core banking franchise

Capitalize on Strategic Opportunities

- Announced intention to acquire American National Bankshares and expect to close in the first quarter of 2024



We are focused on three Strategic Priorities

Organic



Deliver Organic Growth

- Overweighting opportunities in Wholesale Banking Group
- Directing consumer efforts to market segments and delivery channels with the strongest value proposition
- Prioritizing fee income growth
- Maintaining a reliable low-cost deposit base
- Maximizing operating leverage, productivity, efficiency, and scale
- Attracting and retaining top talent in alignment with broader business goals and strategic priorities

Innovate and Transform

- Pressing the relationship model advantage where bankers provide advocacy and advice, form stickier relationships, and use technology to enable deeper relationships
- Creating a frictionless experience for customers by integrating human interactions with digital capabilities
- Eliminating low value tasks and enabling more high value interactions with customers
- Eliminating legacy system constraints and accelerating modernization of technology while rationalizing operating costs and reengineering processes
- Emphasizing robotics, automation and FinTech partnerships

Inorganic

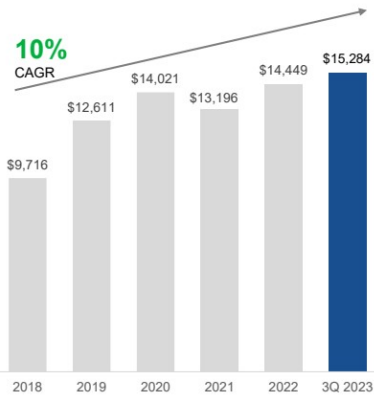


Strategic Investments

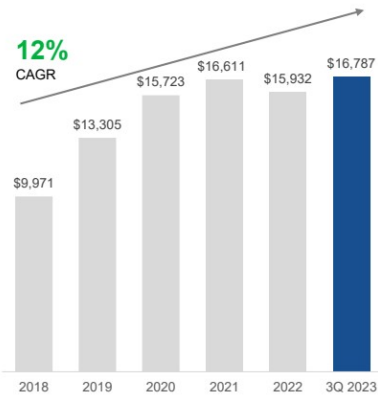
- Leverage FinTech partnerships, strategic partner equity investments, as well as non-bank and whole-bank acquisition opportunities for step-change accelerants of growth
- Acquisition philosophy remains: strategic, disciplined, and measured with an eye towards transactions that increase density and scarcity value, add contiguous markets, increase operating leverage, diversify revenue streams, and enable the reinvestment of cost savings into technology
- Ensuring merger and acquisition activity complements, enables, and scales technology and the advancement of our customer value proposition, potentially including whole bank, non-bank, minority stakes, and partnerships

Balance Sheet Trends (GAAP)

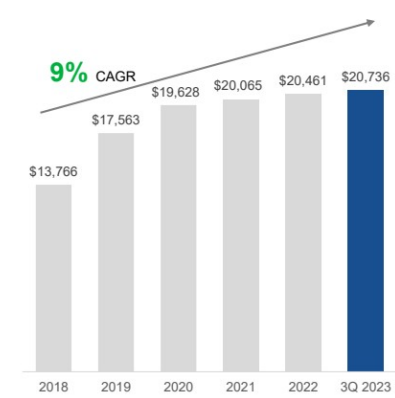
Loans
(\$mm)



Deposits
(\$mm)



Assets
(\$mm)

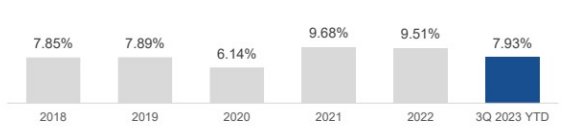


Strong Track Record of Performance (GAAP)

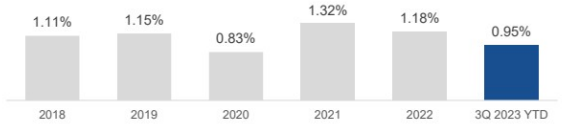
Earnings Per Share Available to Common Shareholders
(\$)



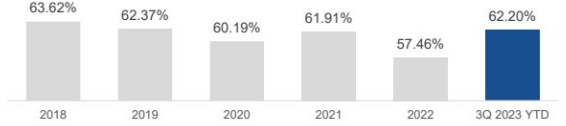
Return on Equity (ROE)
(%)



Return on Assets (ROA)
(%)



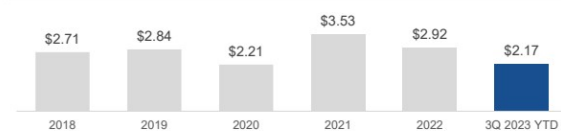
Efficiency Ratio
(%)



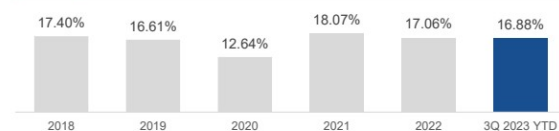
Data as of or for the twelve months ended each respective year, except for 3Q 2023 YTD, which is as of or for the nine months ended September 30, 2023

Strong Track Record of Performance (Non-GAAP)

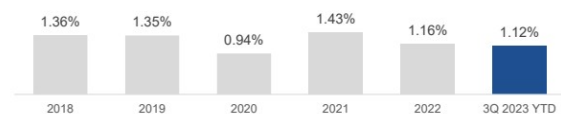
Adjusted Operating Earnings Per Share Available to Common Shareholders, diluted (\$)⁽¹⁾



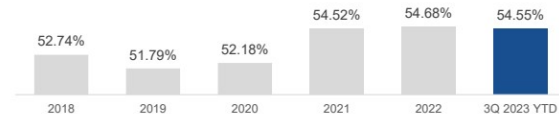
Adjusted Operating Return on Tangible Common Equity (ROTCE) (%)⁽¹⁾



Adjusted Operating Return on Assets (ROA) (%)⁽¹⁾



Adjusted Operating Efficiency Ratio (FTE) (%)⁽¹⁾



Data as of or for the twelve months ended each respective year, except for 3Q 2023 YTD, which is as of or for the nine months ended September 30, 2023

(1) Non-GAAP financial measure; See reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measure in "Appendix -- Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures"

Strong Capital Position at September 30, 2023

Capital Ratio	Regulatory Well Capitalized Minimums	Reported		Proforma including AOCI and HTM unrealized losses	
		Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (CET1)	6.5%	9.9%	12.7%	7.0%	9.8%
Tier 1 Capital Ratio	8.0%	10.9%	12.7%	8.0%	9.8%
Total Risk Based Capital Ratio	10.0%	13.7%	13.3%	10.9%	10.5%
Leverage Ratio	5.0%	9.6%	11.2%	6.8%	8.4%
Tangible Equity to Tangible Assets (non-GAAP) ²	-	7.3%	8.8%	6.9%	8.4%
Tangible Common Equity Ratio (non-GAAP) ²	-	6.5%	8.8%	6.0%	8.4%

Capital Management Strategy

Atlantic Union capital management objectives are to:

- Maintain designation as a "well capitalized" institution.
- Ensure capital levels are commensurate with the Company's risk profile, capital stress test projections, and strategic plan objectives.

The Company's capital ratios are well above regulatory well capitalized levels as of September 30, 2023

- On a proforma basis, the Company would be well capitalized if unrealized losses on securities were realized at September 30, 2023

Capital Management Actions

- During the third quarter of 2023, the Company paid dividends of \$171.88 per outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock and \$0.30 per common share which is the same as the prior quarter's and the prior year's dividend.

Quarterly Roll Forward	Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	Tangible Common Equity Ratio	Tangible Book Value per Share
At 6/30/23	9.86%	6.66%	17.58
Pre-Provision Net Income	0.31%	0.28%	0.74
After-Tax Provision	(0.02%)	(0.02%)	(0.06)
Common Dividends ¹	(0.13%)	(0.11%)	(0.30)
AOCI	---	(0.34%)	(0.90)
Goodwill & Intangibles	0.01%	0.01%	0.03
Other	0.04%	0.01%	0.03
Asset Growth	(0.13%)	(0.05%)	---
At 9/30/23 – Reported	9.94%	6.45%	17.12
AOCI net losses	---	2.41%	6.41
At 9/30/23 – ex AOCI²	9.94%	8.86%	23.53

⁽¹⁾ 30 cents per share



Figures may not foot due to rounding
¹ Capital information presented herein is based on estimates and subject to change pending the Company's filing of its regulatory reports
² For non-GAAP financial measures, see reconciliation to most directly comparable GAAP measures in "Appendix – Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures"

Financial Outlook¹

Full Year 2023 Outlook versus FY 2022

Loan and Deposit Growth	Mid-single digits growth
Net Interest Income (FTE) Growth	Mid-single digits growth
Net Interest Margin (FTE)	~3.35% – 3.45%
Adjusted Operating Noninterest Income	Mid-single digits decline
Adjusted Operating Noninterest Expense	Flat
Positive Adjusted Operating Leverage	Adjusted Operating Revenue Growth: Mid-single digits Adjusted Operating Noninterest Expense Growth: Flat
Credit Outlook	ACL to loans: ~92 basis points Net charge-off ratio: <10 basis points

1) Information on this slide is presented as of October 19, 2023, reflects the Company's updated financial outlook, certain of the company's financial targets, and key economic assumptions, and will not be updated or affirmed unless and until the Company publicly announces such an update or affirmation. The adjusted operating noninterest expense growth rate outlook excludes charges associated with the Company's strategic cost saving initiatives in Q2 2023 and Q3 2023, merger-related costs and the impact of the legal reserve in Q1 2023 and the adjusted operating non-interest income growth excludes gains and losses on the sale of securities and gain on sale-leaseback transaction. The FY 2023 financial outlook and the key economic assumptions contain forward-looking statements and actual results or conditions may differ materially. See the information set forth below the heading "Forward Looking Statements" on slide 2 of this presentation.



¹Key Economic Assumptions

- Stabilizing Interest Rate environment
- The Federal Reserve Bank fed funds rate holds at 5.50% for the rest of 2023
- Increased likelihood of soft landing
- Expect relatively stable economy in AUB's Virginia footprint in 2023
- Expect Virginia unemployment rate to remain low in 2023

Appendix



Q3 2023 Allowance For Credit Loss (ACL) and Provision for Credit Losses

	Allowance for Loan & Lease Losses	Reserve for Unfunded Commitments	Allowance for Credit Losses
03/31/2023 Ending Balance % of loans	\$117MM (0.80%)	\$15MM (0.10%)	\$132MM (0.90%)
Q2 2023 Activity	+\$4MM Increase due to loan growth and the impact of continued uncertainty in the economic outlook	+\$1MM Increase due to uncertainty in the economic outlook	+\$5MM \$6.1 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$1.6 million net charge-offs
06/30/2023 Ending Balance % of loans	\$121MM (0.80%)	\$16MM (0.10%)	\$136MM (0.90%)
Q3 2023 Activity	+\$5MM Increase due to loan growth and the impact of continued uncertainty in the economic outlook	-\$0.2MM Decrease due to decline in unfunded balances	+\$5MM \$5.0 million Provision for Credit Losses and \$0.3 million net charge-offs
09/30/2023 Ending Balance % of loans	\$126MM (0.82%)	\$15MM (0.10%)	\$141MM (0.92%)

Q3 Macroeconomic Forecast

Moody's September 2023 Baseline Forecast:

- US GDP expected to average ~2.1% growth in 2023 and ~1.4% in 2024.
- The national unemployment rate expected to average ~3.7% in 2023 and ~4.1% in 2024.

Q3 ACL Considerations

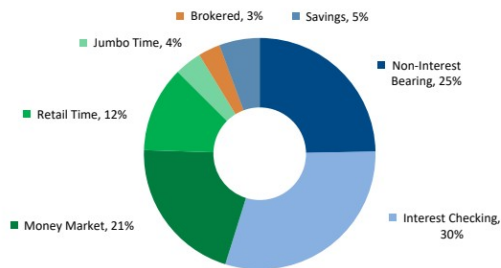
- Utilizes a weighted Moody's forecast economic scenarios approach in the quantitative model.
- Qualitative factors were added for certain portfolios and other factors as deemed appropriate.
- The reasonable and supportable forecast period is 2 years; followed by reversion to the historical loss average over 2 years.

Attractive Core Deposit Base

Deposit Base Characteristics

- Q3 2023 cost of deposits – 1.97%
- 93% core deposits⁽¹⁾
- 55% transactional accounts

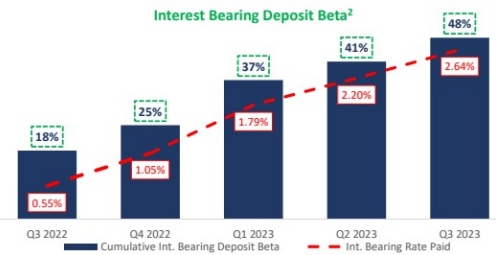
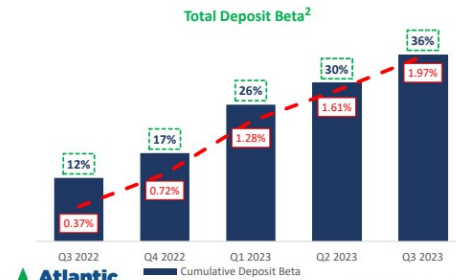
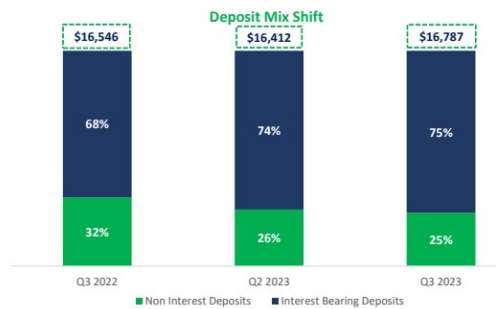
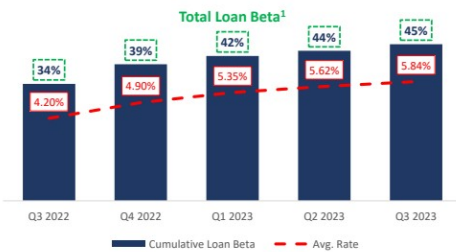
Deposit Composition at September 30, 2023 — \$16.8 billion



Cost of deposit data is as of or for the three months ended September 30, 2023

(1) Core deposits defined as total deposits less jumbo time deposits and brokered deposits

Loan and Deposit Betas



¹ Loan Betas are calculated as the change in yield from Q1 2022 to the represented quarter.
² Deposit Betas and Interest Bearing Deposit Betas are calculated as the change in rate paid from Q4 2021 to the represented quarter.

3Q 2023 Highlights

- Total deposits up 9.1% (annualized)
- Mix shift into higher costing deposit products and higher deposit betas drove increased cost of deposits
- From the start of the cycle^{1 2} through Q3 2023 the total deposit beta is 36% and total loan beta is 45%
- Loan and deposit betas expected to continue to rise throughout 2023

Granular Deposit Base at September 30, 2023

Top 15 Commercial Deposits by NAICS as of 9/30/2023

NAICS Code/Title

1	52 - Finance and Insurance	8.3%
2	54 - Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	6.2%
3	53 - Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	5.9%
4	81 - Other Services (except Public Administration)	5.6%
5	92 - Public Administration	5.1%
6	23 - Construction	4.6%
7	42 - Wholesale Trade	3.3%
8	62 - Health Care and Social Assistance	2.6%
9	72 - Accommodation and Food Services	1.2%
10	33 - Manufacturing	1.1%
11	44 - Retail Trade	1.1%
12	61 - Educational Services	1.0%
13	56 - Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	0.8%
14	71 - Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	0.6%
15	45 - Retail Trade	0.5%
		47.9%

Customer Deposit Granularity

% of Total Deposits

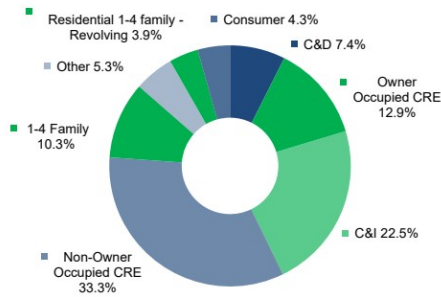


Period End Uninsured and Uncollateralized Deposits as a Percentage of Total Deposits (\$ in Millions)

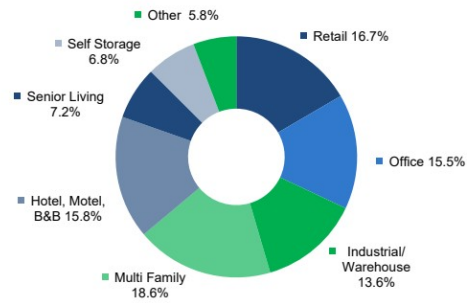


Diversified and Granular Loan Portfolio

Total Loan Portfolio \$15.3 billion at September 30, 2023



Non-Owner Occupied CRE Composition \$5.1 billion at September 30, 2023



Total Portfolio Characteristics

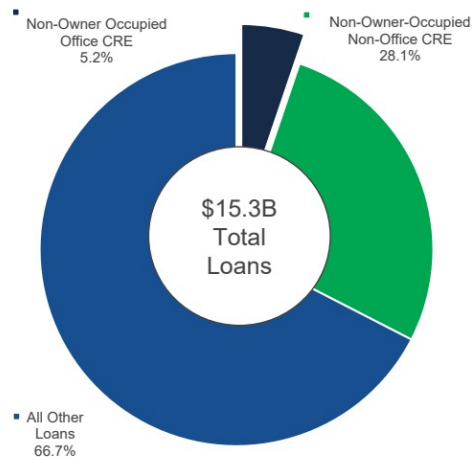
Q3 2023 Weighted Average Yield (Tax Equivalent) 5.84%

Duration 1.3 years



Figures may not total to 100% due to rounding
Duration and Weighted Average Yield Data is as of or for the three months ended September 30, 2023

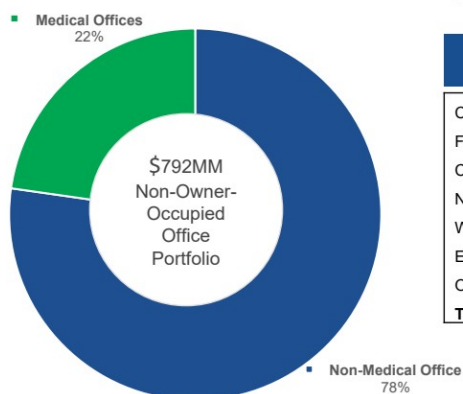
Non-Owner-Occupied CRE Portfolio at September 30, 2023



Non-Owner-Occupied CRE By Type		
\$ in millions	Total Outstandings	% of Portfolio
Multi Family	\$947	6.2%
Retail	\$852	5.6%
Hotel/Motel B&B	\$804	5.3%
Office	\$792	5.2%
Industrial/Warehouse	\$692	4.5%
Senior Living	\$365	2.4%
Self Storage	\$346	2.3%
Other	\$297	1.9%
Total Non-Owner Occupied CRE	\$5,095	33.3%

Non-Owner-Occupied Office CRE Portfolio at September 30, 2023

Medical vs Other Office



Geographically Diverse Non-Owner Occupied Office Portfolio

By Market (\$ millions)

Carolinas	\$249
Fredericksburg Area	\$132
Central VA	\$108
Northern VA/Maryland	\$67
Western VA	\$101
Eastern VA	\$51
Other	<u>\$86</u>
Total	\$792

Non Owner-Occupied Office Portfolio Credit Quality

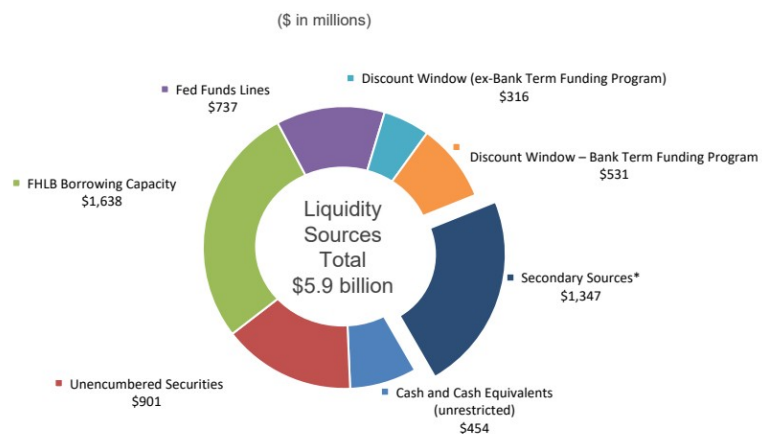
Key Portfolio Metrics

Avg. Office Loan (\$ millions)	\$1.9
Loan Loss Reserve / Office Loans	2.3%
NCOs / Office Loans ¹	0.00%
Delinquencies / Office Loans	0.74%
NPL / Office Loans	0.03%
Criticized Loans / Office Loans	2.69%

¹Trailing 4 Quarters Avg NCO/Trailing 4 Quarter Avg Office Portfolio

Liquidity Position at September 30, 2023

Total Liquidity Sources of \$5.9 billion
~130% liquidity coverage ratio of uninsured/uncollateralized deposits of \$4.5 billion



* Includes brokered deposits and other sources of liquidity
Figures may not foot due to rounding

Securities Portfolio at September 30, 2023

Securities Balances (in \$Millions)

■ Total AFS (fair value) and HTM (carrying value)



- As of September 30, 2023, total securities portfolio of \$2.9 billion with a total unrealized loss of \$604.3 million
 - 71% of total portfolio in available-for-sale at an unrealized loss of \$523.1 million
 - 29% of total portfolio designated as held-to-maturity with an unrealized loss of \$81.2 million
- Total duration of 7.2 years. Securities portfolio is used defensively to neutralize overall asset sensitive interest rate risk profile
- ~37% municipals, ~58% treasuries, agency MBS/CMOs and ~5% corporates and other investments
- Securities to total assets of 14.1% as of September 30, 2023, down from 17.5% on December 31, 2022
- \$228.3 million in AFS securities sold in September at a pre-tax loss of \$27.7 million. Proceeds subsequently re-invested into higher yielding securities

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

The Company has provided supplemental performance measures on a tax-equivalent, tangible, operating, adjusted, or pre-tax pre-provision basis. These non-GAAP financial measures are a supplement to GAAP, which is used to prepare the Company's financial statements, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the Company's non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to non-GAAP financial measures of other companies. The Company uses the non-GAAP financial measures discussed herein in its analysis of the Company's performance. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide additional understanding of ongoing operations, enhance comparability of results of operations with prior periods and show the effects of significant gains and charges in the periods presented without the impact of items or events that may obscure trends in the Company's underlying performance.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS, OPERATING LEVERAGE, AND EFFICIENCY RATIO

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended			3Q23% Change
	3Q2023	2Q2023	3Q2022	3Q2023	3Q2022		Nine months ended YoY
Operating Measures							
Net income (GAAP)	\$ 54,017	\$ 55,241	\$ 58,070	\$ 144,911	\$ 163,986		
Plus: Strategic cost saving initiatives, net of tax	6,851	3,109	-	9,959	-		
Plus: Merger-related costs, net of tax	1,965	-	-	1,965	-		
Plus: Legal reserve, net of tax	-	-	-	3,950	-		
Plus: Strategic branch closing and facility consolidation costs, net of tax	-	-	-	-	4,351		
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities, net of tax	(21,799)	2	-	(32,384)	(2)		
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction, net of tax	21,883	-	-	21,883	-		
Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$ 62,749	\$ 58,348	\$ 58,070	\$ 171,286	\$ 160,355		
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	2,967	2,967	2,967	8,901	8,901		
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 59,782	\$ 55,381	\$ 55,103	\$ 162,385	\$ 151,454		
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	74,999,128	74,995,557	74,705,054	74,943,999	75,034,084		
EPS available to common shareholders, diluted (GAAP)	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.74	\$ 1.81	\$ 2.07		
Adjusted operating EPS available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 0.80	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.74	\$ 2.17	\$ 2.02		
Operating Leverage Ratio and Efficiency Ratio							
Noninterest expense (GAAP)	\$ 108,508	\$ 105,661	\$ 99,923	\$ 322,442	\$ 304,012	6.06%	
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	2,193	2,216	2,480	6,687	8,434		
Less: Strategic cost saving initiatives	8,672	3,935	-	12,607	-		
Less: Merger-related costs	1,993	-	-	1,993	-		
Less: Legal reserve	-	-	-	5,000	-		
Less: Strategic branch closing and facility consolidation costs	-	-	-	-	5,508		
Adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP)	\$ 95,650	\$ 99,510	\$ 97,443	\$ 296,155	\$ 290,070	2.10%	
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$ 27,094	\$ 24,197	\$ 25,584	\$ 60,918	\$ 94,023		
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities	(27,594)	2	-	(40,952)	(2)		
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction	27,700	-	-	27,700	-		
Less: Gain on sale of DHFB	-	-	-	-	9,082		
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	\$ 26,988	\$ 24,195	\$ 25,584	\$ 74,210	\$ 84,943		
Net interest income (GAAP)	\$ 151,941	\$ 152,084	\$ 150,715	\$ 457,469	\$ 420,413		
Noninterest income (GAAP)	27,094	24,197	25,584	60,918	94,023		
Total revenue (GAAP)	\$ 179,035	\$ 176,281	\$ 176,299	\$ 518,387	\$ 514,436	0.77%	
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$ 155,685	\$ 155,750	\$ 154,557	\$ 468,667	\$ 431,168		
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	26,988	24,195	25,584	74,210	84,943		
Total adjusted revenue (FTE) (non-GAAP)	\$ 182,673	\$ 179,945	\$ 180,141	\$ 542,877	\$ 516,111	5.19%	
Operating leverage ratio (GAAP)						(5.29%)	
Adjusted operating leverage ratio (non-GAAP)						3.09%	
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	60.61%	59.94%	56.68%	62.20%	59.10%		
Efficiency ratio FTE (non-GAAP)	59.37%	58.72%	55.47%	60.89%	57.89%		
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) (non-GAAP)	52.36%	55.30%	54.09%	54.55%	56.20%		

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Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, strategic cost saving initiatives (principally composed of severance charges related to headcount reductions, costs related to modifying certain third party vendor contracts, and charges for exiting certain leases), merger-related costs, a legal reserve associated with an ongoing regulatory matter previously disclosed, strategic branch closing and related facility consolidation costs (principally composed of real estate, leases and other assets write downs, as well as severance and expense reduction initiatives), (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on sale-leaseback transaction, and gain on sale of Dixon, Hubbard, Feinour & Brown, Inc., ("DHFB"). The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the organization's operations. Net interest income (FTE) and total adjusted revenue (FTE), which are used in computing net interest margin (FTE), efficiency ratio (FTE) and adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE), provide valuable additional insight into the net interest margin and the efficiency ratio by adjusting for differences in tax treatment of interest income sources. The entire FTE adjustment is attributable to interest income on earning assets, which is used in computing yield on earning assets. Interest expense and the related cost of interest-bearing liabilities and cost of funds ratios are not affected by the FTE components. The adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) excludes, as applicable, the amortization of intangible assets, strategic cost saving initiatives, merger-related costs, a legal reserve associated with an ongoing regulatory matter previously disclosed, strategic branch closing and related facility consolidation costs, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on sale-leaseback transaction, and gain on sale of DHFB. This measure is similar to the measure utilized by the Company when analyzing corporate performance and is also similar to the measure utilized for incentive compensation. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the organization's operations.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

Pre-tax pre-provision adjusted earnings excludes, as applicable, the provision for credit losses, which can fluctuate significantly from period-to-period under the CECL methodology, income tax expense, strategic cost saving initiatives, merger-related costs, a legal reserve associated with an ongoing regulatory matter previously disclosed, strategic branch closing and related facility consolidation costs, (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on sale-leaseback transaction, and gain on sale of DHFB. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the Company's operations.

	PRE-TAX PRE-PROVISION ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS				
	For the three months ended			For the nine months ended	
(Dollars in thousands)	3Q2023	2Q2023	3Q2022	3Q2023	2Q2023
Net income (GAAP)	\$ 54,017	\$ 55,241	\$ 58,070	\$ 144,911	\$ 163,986
Plus: Provision for credit losses	4,991	6,069	6,412	22,911	12,771
Plus: Income tax expense	11,519	9,310	11,894	28,123	33,667
Plus: Strategic cost saving initiatives	8,672	3,935	-	12,607	-
Plus: Merger-related costs	1,993	-	-	1,993	-
Plus: Legal reserve	-	-	-	5,000	-
Plus: Strategic branch closing and facility consolidation costs	-	-	-	-	5,508
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities	(27,594)	2	-	(40,992)	(2)
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction	27,700	-	-	27,700	-
Less: Gain on sale of DHFB	-	-	-	-	9,082
PTPP adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$ 81,086	\$ 74,553	\$ 76,376	\$ 228,837	\$ 206,852
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	2,967	2,967	2,967	8,901	8,901
PTPP adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 78,119	\$ 71,586	\$ 73,409	\$ 219,936	\$ 197,951
Net income growth - YTD (GAAP)				(11.63%)	
PTPP adjusted operating earnings growth - YTD (non-GAAP)				10.63%	

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

ADJUSTED OPERATING EARNINGS & FINANCIAL METRICS

Adjusted operating measures exclude, as applicable, strategic cost saving initiatives (principally composed of severance charges related to headcount reductions, costs related to modifying certain third party vendor contracts, and charges for exiting certain leases), merger-related costs, a legal reserve associated with an ongoing regulatory matter previously disclosed, strategic branch closing and related facility consolidation costs (principally composed of real estate, leases and other assets write downs, as well as severance and expense reduction initiatives), rebranding costs, the net loss related to balance sheet repositioning (principally composed of gains and losses on debt extinguishment), (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on sale-leaseback transaction, gain on sale of DHFB, and gain on the sale of Visa, Inc. Class B common stock. The Company believes these non-GAAP adjusted measures provide investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the organization's operations. Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. Additionally, the Company believes that return on tangible common equity (ROTCE) is a meaningful supplement to GAAP financial measures and useful to investors because it measures the performance of a business consistently across time without regard to whether components of the business were acquired or developed internally.

	For the nine months ended		For the years ended December 31,			
	September 30, 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<i>(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)</i>						
Operating Earnings						
Net Income (GAAP)	\$ 144,911	\$ 234,510	\$ 263,917	\$ 158,228	\$ 193,528	\$ 146,248
Plus: Strategic cost saving initiatives, net of tax	9,959	-	-	-	-	-
Plus: Merger-related costs, net of tax	1,965	-	-	-	22,296	32,065
Plus: Legal reserve, net of tax	3,950	-	-	-	-	-
Plus: Strategic branch closing and facility consolidation costs, net of tax	-	4,351	13,775	5,343	-	849
Plus: Rebranding costs, net of tax	-	-	-	-	5,099	-
Plus: Net loss related to balance sheet repositioning, net of tax	-	-	11,609	25,979	12,953	-
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities, net of tax	(32,384)	(2)	69	9,712	6,063	303
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction, net of tax	21,883	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of DHFB, net of tax	-	7,984	-	-	-	-
Less: Gain on Visa, Inc. Class B common stock, net of tax	-	-	4,058	-	-	-
Adjusted operating earnings (non-GAAP)	\$ 171,286	\$ 230,879	\$ 285,174	\$ 179,838	\$ 227,813	\$ 178,859
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	5,921	11,865	11,868	5,658	-	-
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 162,385	\$ 219,011	\$ 273,306	\$ 174,180	\$ 227,813	\$ 178,859
Earnings per share (EPS)						
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	74,943,999	74,953,398	77,417,801	78,875,668	80,263,557	65,908,573
EPS available to common shareholders, diluted (GAAP)	\$ 1.81	\$ 2.97	\$ 3.26	\$ 1.93	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.22
Adjusted operating EPS available to common shareholders, diluted (non-GAAP)	\$ 2.17	\$ 2.92	\$ 3.53	\$ 2.21	\$ 2.84	\$ 2.71
Return on assets (ROA)						
Average assets	\$ 20,397,518	\$ 19,949,388	\$ 19,077,551	\$ 19,083,853	\$ 16,840,310	\$ 13,181,609
ROA (GAAP)	0.95%	1.18%	1.32%	0.83%	1.15%	1.11%
Adjusted operating ROA (non-GAAP)	1.12%	1.16%	1.43%	0.94%	1.35%	1.36%
Return on equity (ROE)						
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders (non-GAAP)	\$ 162,385	\$ 219,011	\$ 273,306	\$ 174,180	\$ 227,813	\$ 178,859
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	5,283	8,544	10,984	13,093	14,632	10,143
Adjusted operating earnings available to common shareholders before amortization of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$ 167,668	\$ 227,555	\$ 284,290	\$ 187,273	\$ 242,445	\$ 189,002
Average equity (GAAP)	\$ 2,443,833	\$ 2,465,049	\$ 2,725,330	\$ 2,576,372	\$ 2,451,435	\$ 1,863,216
Less: Average intangible assets	949,092	964,942	985,559	1,000,854	991,928	776,944
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock	166,356	166,356	166,356	83,658	-	-
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$ 1,328,385	\$ 1,333,751	\$ 1,573,415	\$ 1,492,060	\$ 1,459,509	\$ 1,086,272
ROE (GAAP)	7.93%	9.51%	9.66%	6.14%	7.89%	7.85%
Return on tangible common equity (ROTCE)						
Net income available to common shareholders (GAAP)	\$ 136,010	\$ 222,642	\$ 252,049	\$ 152,570	\$ 193,528	\$ 146,248
Plus: Amortization of intangibles, tax effected	5,283	8,544	10,984	13,093	14,632	10,143
Net income available to common shareholders before amortization of intangibles (non-GAAP)	\$ 141,293	\$ 231,186	\$ 263,033	\$ 165,663	\$ 208,160	\$ 156,391
ROTCE	14.22%	17.33%	16.72%	11.18%	14.26%	14.40%
Adjusted operating ROTCE (non-GAAP)	16.88%	17.06%	18.07%	12.64%	16.61%	17.40%

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

The adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) excludes, as applicable, the amortization of intangible assets, strategic cost saving initiatives, merger-related costs, a legal reserve associated with an ongoing regulatory matter previously disclosed, strategic branch closing and related facility consolidation costs, rebranding costs, the losses related to balance sheet repositioning (principally composed of gains and losses on debt extinguishment), (loss) gain on sale of securities, gain on sale-leaseback transaction, gain on sale of DHFB, and gain on the sale of Visa, Inc. Class B common stock. This measure is similar to the measure utilized by the Company when analyzing corporate performance and is also similar to the measure utilized for incentive compensation. The Company believes this adjusted measure provides investors with important information about the continuing economic results of the organization's operations.

ADJUSTED OPERATING EFFICIENCY RATIO

	For the nine months ended		For the years ended December 31,			
	September 30, 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>						
Noninterest expense (GAAP)	\$ 322,442	\$ 403,802	\$ 419,195	\$ 413,349	\$ 418,340	\$ 337,767
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	6,687	10,815	13,904	16,574	18,521	12,539
Less: Strategic cost saving initiatives	12,607	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Merger-related costs	1,993	-	-	-	27,824	39,728
Less: Legal reserve	5,000	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Strategic branch closing and facility consolidation costs	-	5,508	17,437	6,764	-	1,075
Less: Rebranding costs	-	-	-	-	6,455	-
Less: Losses related to balance sheet repositioning	-	-	14,695	31,116	16,397	-
Adjusted operating noninterest expense (non-GAAP)	\$ 296,155	\$ 387,479	\$ 373,159	\$ 358,695	\$ 349,143	\$ 284,125
Net interest income (GAAP)	457,469	\$ 584,261	\$ 551,260	\$ 555,298	\$ 537,872	\$ 426,691
Net interest income (FTE) (non-GAAP)	468,667	599,134	563,851	566,845	548,993	434,886
Noninterest income (GAAP)	\$ 60,918	\$ 118,523	\$ 125,806	\$ 131,486	\$ 132,815	\$ 104,241
Less: (Loss) gain on sale of securities	(40,992)	(3)	87	12,294	7,675	383
Less: Gain on sale-leaseback transaction	27,700	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Gain on sale of DHFB	-	9,082	-	-	-	-
Less: Gain on Visa, Inc. Class B common stock	-	-	5,137	-	-	-
Plus: Losses related to balance sheet repositioning	-	-	-	1,769	-	-
Adjusted operating noninterest income (non-GAAP)	\$ 74,210	\$ 109,444	\$ 120,582	\$ 120,961	\$ 125,140	\$ 103,858
Efficiency ratio (GAAP)	62.20%	57.46%	61.91%	60.19%	62.37%	63.62%
Adjusted operating efficiency ratio (FTE) (non-GAAP)	54.55%	54.68%	54.52%	52.18%	51.79%	52.74%

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

TANGIBLE ASSETS, TANGIBLE COMMON EQUITY, AND LEVERAGE RATIO

As of September 30, 2023

	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Tangible Assets		
Ending Assets (GAAP)	\$ 20,736,236	\$ 20,606,311
Less: Ending goodwill	925,211	925,211
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles	21,277	21,277
Ending tangible assets (non-GAAP)	\$ 19,789,748	\$ 19,659,823
Tangible Common Equity		
Ending equity (GAAP)	\$ 2,388,801	\$ 2,680,878
Less: Ending goodwill	925,211	925,211
Less: Ending amortizable intangibles	21,277	21,277
Less: Perpetual preferred stock	166,357	-
Ending tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$ 1,275,956	\$ 1,734,390
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax	\$ (81,223)	\$ (81,223)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)	\$ (477,906)	\$ (477,906)
Common shares outstanding at end of period	74,997,132	-
Average equity (GAAP)	\$ 2,446,902	\$ 2,732,786
Less: Average goodwill	925,211	925,211
Less: Average amortizable intangibles	22,342	22,342
Less: Average perpetual preferred stock	166,356	-
Average tangible common equity (non-GAAP)	\$ 1,332,993	\$ 1,785,233
Common equity to total assets (GAAP)	10.7%	13.0%
Tangible equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)	7.3%	8.6%
Tangible equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	6.9%	8.4%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP)	6.4%	8.8%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, incl net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	6.0%	8.4%
Tangible common equity to tangible assets, ex AOCI (non-GAAP) ¹	8.9%	-
Book value per common share (GAAP)	\$ 29.82	-
Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP)	\$ 17.12	-
Tangible book value per common share, ex AOCI (non-GAAP) ¹	\$ 23.53	-
Leverage Ratio		
Tier 1 capital	\$ 1,927,793	\$ 2,229,018
Total average assets for leverage ratio	\$ 20,039,542	\$ 19,942,053
Leverage ratio	9.6%	11.2%
Leverage ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	6.8%	8.4%

Tangible assets and tangible common equity are used in the calculation of certain profitability, capital, and per share ratios. The Company believes tangible assets, tangible common equity and the related ratios are meaningful measures of capital adequacy because they provide a meaningful base for period-to-period and company-to-company comparisons, which the Company believes will assist investors in assessing the capital of the Company and its ability to absorb potential losses. The Company believes tangible common equity is an important indication of its ability to grow organically and through business combinations, as well as its ability to pay dividends and to engage in various capital management strategies. The Company also calculates adjusted tangible common equity to tangible assets ratios to exclude AOCI, which is principally comprised of unrealized losses on AFS securities, and to include the impact of unrealized losses on HTM securities. The Company believes that each of these ratios enables investors to assess the Company's capital levels and capital adequacy without the effects of changes in AOCI, some of which are uncertain and difficult to predict, or assuming that the Company realized all previously unrealized losses on HTM securities at the end of the period, as applicable.



¹ Calculation excludes the impact of 470,633 unvested restricted stock awards (RSAs) outstanding as of September 30, 2023

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Disclosures

All regulatory capital ratios at September 30, 2023 are estimates and subject to change pending the Company's filing of its FR Y-9 C. In addition to these regulatory capital ratios, the Company adjusts certain regulatory capital ratios to include the impacts of AOCI, which the Company has elected to exclude from regulatory capital ratios under applicable regulations, and net unrealized losses on HTM securities, assuming that those unrealized losses were realized at the end of the period, as applicable. The Company believes that each of these ratios help investors to assess the Company's regulatory capital levels and capital adequacy.

RISK-BASED CAPITAL RATIOS

(Dollars in thousands)

Risk-Based Capital Ratios

	As of September 30, 2023	
	Atlantic Union Bankshares	Atlantic Union Bank
Net unrealized losses on HTM securities, net of tax	\$ (81,223)	\$ (81,223)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCI)	\$ (477,906)	\$ (477,906)
Common equity tier 1 capital	\$ 1,761,437	\$ 2,229,018
Tier 1 capital	\$ 1,927,793	\$ 2,229,018
Total capital	\$ 2,428,247	\$ 2,343,400
Total risk-weighted assets	\$ 17,719,845	\$ 17,614,436
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio	9.9%	12.7%
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	7.0%	9.8%
Tier 1 capital ratio	10.9%	12.7%
Tier 1 capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	8.0%	9.8%
Total capital ratio	13.7%	13.3%
Total capital ratio, incl AOCI and net unrealized losses on HTM securities (non-GAAP)	10.9%	10.5%